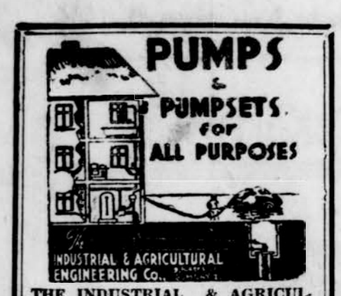

THE INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING CO.,
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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXIX NO. 275 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

New Hope For Your Skin

VICHY SACKS GENERAL WEYGAND

HEAVY DEFEAT FOR GERMANS

Surprise Move To Take Rostov By Storm Ends In Costly Failure

MOSCOW, Nov. 19.

A German surprise flank attack in an attempt to capture Rostov on the Don, the northern gateway to the Caucasus, has ended in failure, according to the Official Soviet News Agency on Wednesday.

The Germans were trapped in a pocket near Novocherkassk about 25 miles north-east of Rostov and suffered a heavy defeat, losing "thousands of men, 133 tanks, 273 lorries and many guns", the report says.

CAUGHT IN TRAP

The Germans outnumbered the Russians by six to one, according to the report which says that the Nazi forces included one division of Hitler's own SS Troops supported by two tank divisions and one division of mechanised units.

The Germans were allowed to penetrate the first and second lines of the Russian defences and then Russian artillery caught the Germans in a withering fire and their tanks were caught in camouflaged pits where their caterpillar threads were blown off by land mines.

The report says that the Soviet Air Force made hundreds of low-flying attacks with the result that more than half the German tanks were put out of action.

LATEST FROM MOSCOW

LONDON:—The Moscow radio this afternoon broadcast the following latest news from the western (Moscow) sector of the front:

"Our troops continue to inflict heavy blows on the enemy in the western direction of the front.

In the Volokolamsk direction the enemy repeatedly attacked point "CH", but these attacks were beaten off with heavy losses to the enemy.

At the same time the Germans attempted to break through to the village "SH". In this sector they sent tanks into action followed by infantry. At the moment fierce fighting is taking place. The enemy is suffering heavy losses.

In the area "T" our fighters destroyed six enemy tanks and as many lorries with military supplies.

U. S. Military Mission To Russia

WASHINGTON:—No information was available regarding the reported imminent despatch of an American Military Mission to Russia, states the War Department, adding the movement of troops and other personnel comes under the "blanket" of silence imposed on certain army activities. However, there seems good reason to believe that the despatch of such a Mission will not be long delayed.—Reuter.

U. S. COAL STRIKE SPREADS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.

Sympathy (strikes) spread today (Tuesday), in America's commercial coalmines and more are threatened. 137 pits were closed in Pennsylvania West Virginia and Kentucky.—Reuter.

Monckton On Position Of Moscow

CAIRO, Nov. 19.

Sir Walter Monckton and Mr. Lawrence Steinhardt, the United States Ambassador to the Soviet Union, arrived here by air this morning. "I found no sign of worry or depression in Kujbyshev, only perseverance and determination to win the war", said Sir Walter Monckton interviewed by Reuter on arrival at Cairo. "I was very struck by the impressive parade on the anniversary of the revolution in which between 25 and 30 thousand troops took part. All well equipped with tanks, planes and armaments of all kinds of which there seems to be no shortage." Sir Walter Monckton said that he considered the position of Moscow better now than a month ago. The weather had become frightfully cold and there were 27 degrees of frost on the latter part of the journey on which he was continually held up by snow-storms and blizzards.—Reuter.

AMERY TORPEDOES ATLANTIC CHARTER

Says It Is So Vague That India Will Not Touch It

BUT CONTINUES TO BOOST 'AUGUST OFFER' AS 'MAGNA CARTA'

MANCHESTER, Nov. 19.

The Secretary of State for India Mr. Amery, speaking at Manchester to-day said, "We can be proud of Britain's contribution to India. What the 'Magna Carta' won for us in the rights of the individual under the Law, that we have given to India". "We have now set ourselves", Mr. Amery continued, "to achieve in co-operation with Indian statesmanship the far greater miracle in a few years that super structure of responsible freedom which we here took centuries to complete. In spite of suspicion, we still retain the underlying goodwill and confidence in India. But above all, there is need for goodwill between Indians themselves. Then perhaps lies the greatest difficulty and danger before India and one which our own form of democracy with its rivalry for power between parties has tended to accentuate.

The problem of India is not to be solved by catch phrases like "We are fighting for democracy. Why not, therefore, give India what she wants?"

Where is the body in existence or to be constituted which can in that sense speak for India or express an agreed demand? There could be no more typical instance of loose thinking than that clamour for what is called the application of the Atlantic Charter to India and the protest against the Prime Minister's explanation that article three of the Charter primarily referred to restoration of national life in Europe, and in any case did not qualify in any way our own declarations as to India's future with which it is in entire harmony".

AMERY'S ASSUMPTIONS

"I can well imagine, if in answer to a demand for a statement of our Indian policy we had answered merely in terms of the Atlantic Charter, derision and indignation would have met so vague and unsatisfying a reply.

The answer we gave last August is no less far-reaching in its scope and far more satisfying in the procedure envisaged and in the pledge involved.

It defined as our proclaimed and accepted goal that free and equal partnership in the British Commonwealth which is usually referred to as Dominion Status. That status combining all the advantages of unfettered freedom with those of an association of incalculable value both in peace and war is, I venture to assert, the highest in the world.

SOP TO AMERICANS

No American who thinks of the way in which American Union came about would imagine that in the application of the Atlantic Charter to India, any other method but that of free and frank negotiation and compromise and even mutual agreement between the main elements concerned could solve the problem. That has been the view of the Government."

SERMON TO INDIANS

Mr. Amery said that the attainment of full Indian self-Government could not be indefinitely delayed by the veto of some extreme section on some issue of detail. If agreement by the main elements on the main principles of the constitution was reached, details would not present any insuperable difficulty in India or elsewhere. He did not believe that Indian statesmen had so little constitutional capacity, genuine patriotism or desire to see India governed by Indians that they would prefer to disagree indefinitely rather than evolve some solution reasonably acceptable all round.

The task before Indian statesmanship is immensely difficult, but not hopeless. Beneath all differences of religion, culture, race and political structure there was an underlying unity, and if some such sort of a unity had not existed, it would have had to be invented.

The immediate features of the Indian problem were the outcome of underlying difficulties and reluctance to abandon accustomed methods. Only recognition by Indians of those difficulties could solve the present deadlock.

Meanwhile, there was no immediate solution that we could bring forth as temporary interim step forward which did not run the risk of prejudicing the ultimate solution. Political status, whether described as Dominion Status or otherwise, is not conferred like a decoration, but acquired by the power to exercise and defend it, and to-day that power is more necessary than ever before. Mr. Amery said: "In its turn, it can only be effectively sustained by the general physical and intellectual vigour of the national life".—Reuter.

Rosenberg's New Job

Reich Minister For Occupied Russian Territory

LONDON, Nov. 19.

It is announced from Berlin that Hitler has appointed Alfred Rosenberg to be the Reich Minister for the Occupied Eastern Territory, observes the "Manchester Guardian" Diplomatic Correspondent. His task is stated to be to establish a civil administration in those parts of the newly acquired Eastern territory, where fighting has ceased.

Rosenberg has been the most systematic and ardent exponent of Eastern expansion after Hitler himself.

Rosenberg who hates everything Russian will certainly conduct his office with ruthless brutality.

MORE AMENDMENTS TO INDIA ACT

LONDON, Nov. 19.

In the House of Commons Mr. Churchill announced that the House will shortly consider two Orders to be made under the Government of India Act of 1935.

The first was the Government of India (Adaptation of Acts of Parliament Amendment Number Two) Order of 1941 and the other was the Government of India (Scheduled Castes Amendment) Order of 1941.—Reuter

COLOUR BAR IN HOTEL

"It is the present policy of His Majesty's Government to do all in their power to secure equal treatment, irrespective of colour, for, all British subjects of the Colonial Empire" said the Under-Secretary for colonies, Mr. George Hall in a written reply to a Commons question by Mr. Riley (Labour).

Mr. Riley asked: Is Mr. Hall aware that when West Indian journalists arrived at Bermuda on their way to Britain, they were refused accommodation in a hotel in which White journalists were accommodated.

Mr. Hall's reply also said: "The Secretary of State learned with the greatest regret of this instance of colour discrimination and is communicating with the Government of Bermuda on the matter.—Reuter.

India's Contribution To War

LONDON, Nov. 19.

"Two million Indians are serving in the army, and India is providing about 25 per cent of the whole of the Mercantile Marine personel" said the Duke of Devonshire, Under-Secretary for India, speaking at the Devonshire Club on Wednesday. Although Britain has difficulties in India, the Duke said, the vast majority of Indians are intensely loyal to the King Emperor.—Reuter.

GEN. WEYGAND.

DOES BERLIN PULL STRINGS?

LONDON, Nov. 19.

General Weygand is reported to have been dismissed.

General Weygand worked along with Sir Archibald Wavell and built up a big Allied force in the Middle East in the early stages of the war. He succeeded Gamelin as the Commander-in-Chief and held office up to the fall of France. After the Armistice, he was made C-in-C of the French forces in French Africa to counteract the growing influence of General De Gaulle.

ADMIRAL PLATON'S MISSION

VICHY:—Admiral Platon, the Colonial Secretary, left Vichy today by air for Gao on the River Niger in French West Africa. His first stop will be Algiers.

The purpose of his visit is to deal on the spot with "various problems" relating to French West Africa.

Admiral Platon only returned to Vichy on November 11th from a flying visit to Djibouti.—Reuter.

'RED' TERROR FOR NAZIS

Wonder Aircraft Smash Advancing 'Panzer' Divisions

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 19.

At this critical moment for the German Eastern armies, the Red Air Force has introduced an astonishing new aircraft especially designed for attacks on advancing columns and German aerodromes.

The aircraft are exclusively designed for low altitude attacks and are extremely strongly armoured.

Reports from Berlin describe this machine as "the German soldiers' deadly enemy" and the German soldiers have already dubbed it "Panzer Aircraft".

The planes fly at sixty feet over marching columns, artillery positions, and aerodromes, directing a deadly rain from cañons and machine-guns on enemy material and men.

The planes can withstand very heavy ground fire according to Germans' own admissions.—Reuter.

ON 'ATLANTIC CHARTER' TICKET

Holsinger To Contest For Commons

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Nov. 19.

Mr. Frederick Holsinger, an Indian who describes himself as "independent" candidates, will contest the Harrow by-election.

In an interview with the "United Press of India", Mr. Frederick said: "I want a firm declaration from the Government that the 'Atlantic Charter' will be applied to India, Burma, and Ceylon and to every other country in the British Empire which has no self-Government."

Mr. Holsinger served in many newspapers in India, and he started the "Indian Daily Mail" under Mr. J. B. Petit in Bombay.

Madras Magistrate Hoists Red Signal

WIDESPREAD COMMUNIST CONSPIRACY IN INDIA!

Sensational Judgment In Case Against Kumaramangalam And Others

MADRAS, Nov. 19.

Surendra Mohan Kumaramangalam, son of Dr. P. Subbaroyan, ex-Minister of Madras, accused in what is called the City Communist Conspiracy Case was convicted by Mr. V. Hanumantha Rao Second Presidency Magistrate, this afternoon under various sections of the Defence of India Rules.

ALL ACCUSED CONVICTED

S. M. Kumaramangalam, who was convicted under three different sections, was sentenced on the aggregate to three years and six months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 500 in default further six months' R. I.

P. Ramamurthi, former General Secretary of the Provincial Trade Union Congress, was also convicted under three different sections and sentenced on the aggregate to four years' rigorous imprisonment.

The other five persons were sentenced to various terms of rigorous imprisonment ranging from two and a half years to three and a half years.

The accused who were all arrested on December 19 last were under remand for eleven months. The trial began on the 14th March last and lasted for a period of about seven months during which 46 witnesses were examined in all and 650 documents were filed.

"NO DOUBT THERE WAS CONSPIRACY"

The Magistrate in the course of his judgment which runs into a hundred pages observed: "From what has been stated in the course of the trial there can be no doubt that there was a conspiracy, the object of the Conspiracy being to do prejudicial acts in furtherance of the revolutionary principles of the Communist Party of India taking advantage of the situation created by war. The fact that so many documents issued by the Communist Party of India and its executive were found during the investigation clearly indicated that the accused were in close touch with the Communist Party of India, the object of which is to bring about complete independence of India by means of armed uprisings of the proletariat which included workers and peasants. The conspiracy was countrywide with organisations in all provinces. In our Presidency there were district centres which were connected with the Provincial Centre at Madras. Hundreds, if not thousands of people must have been members of the conspiracy".

"MODUS OPERANDI"

Proceeding the Magistrate stated: "This case shows how widespread and deep-rooted Communism is in our Province and in other provinces of India. The 'polit bureau' which is the executive of the Communist Party, is said to be still underground somewhere in Bombay. It requires to be unearthed without further loss of time. In our province, Communism has spread to many districts. The Communists seem to have their own press, however small it may be, somewhere in Madura, besides technical apparatus such as Roneo duplicator, and typewriters in very many places. There is reference to money spent for purchase of types etc., for the press at Madura. Communists implant themselves in factories, workshops, business houses, colleges and hostels to form Communist factions and disseminate Communist ideas. Great vigilance on the part of persons concerned with the management of these institutions is needed to see that the men in their employ and under their care are not seduced by Commu-

(Continued on Page 5, Col. 2.)

SABOTAGE IN FRANCE

MOSCOW, Nov. 19.

A supplement to the Soviet midday 'communique' states that French patriots have intensified their struggle. Fires in French textile factories have destroyed 20,000 war outfits for the German army.—Reuter.

Japan Placed On War Basis

Drastic Legislation To Meet New Crisis

TOKYO, Nov. 19.

Following upon the military votes of credits passed yesterday, the House of Representatives and the House of Peers to-day unanimously agreed to the supplementary estimates.

A joint session of the two Chambers is also to-day passing the Bills for the increase in taxes, the control of price, the control of the principal industries, revision of the aerial defence law, the control of postal service, and the revision of military service.

The Diet will thus have completed to-day the principal part of the important work of this session.

New A.R.P. Bill providing for "complete collaboration between Government and people in the nation's air defence" has been unanimously approved by the House of Peers.—Reuter.

'QUAKE SHOCKS AT JENA

VICHY, Nov. 19.

Very violent earthquake shocks were registered at Jena at 17-50 on Tuesday according to the Vichy News Agency. The shocks lasted two and half hours.

(Jena is a town in Saxe-Weimar, Germany with a population of over 20,000).

Recorded At Dehra Dun

DEHRA DUN, Nov. 19.

The Survey Seismograph recorded an earthquake shock of great intensity at an estimated distance of 3,300 miles at twenty-two hours and twenty-five minutes on November 18.—A. P.

FILIPINO SHIP STRIKES A MINE

MANILA, Nov. 19.

The Filipino sailing ship Del Pidio blew up at the entrance to Manila Bay to-day, after striking a mine in the prohibited area according to a United States Navy Department announcement.

A naval patrol boat rescued six of the crew of twelve. All the crew are believed to be Filipinos.

BHULABHAI SEES MAHATMA

Special Permission To Assam M.L.A.'s To Attend Assembly Sessions

WARDHA, Nov. 19.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai had one hour's exclusive interview to-day with Mahatma Gandhi, when it is learnt, he acquainted him about the Delhi Congress Party talks. Mr. Desai will be resuming his interview to-morrow.

Mr. Desai intends leaving on Sunday evening.

Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, ex-Premier of Assam, resumed discussions with Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Sardar Vallabhbhai and Mahatma Gandhi and also saw other leaders, including Mr. Rajagopalachariar, Acharya J. B. Kripalani and Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramaya.

It is reliably learnt that the Parliamentary Sub-Committee after two days' talks permitted Assam Congress M.L.A.'s to attend the coming Assembly session during the period, when the Assam University Bill comes up. It is understood Mr. Bardoloi has wired the above decision to the Assam Congress Party Secretary.

It is understood that Benga Congress M.L.A.'s, who were previously permitted in March last to attend the legislatures for the Secondary Education Bill and the Calcutta Corporation Amendment Act, would continue doing so this session for that purpose.

It is unlikely that general permission would be given to Benga legislators, until some new and important question crops up.—A. P.

GOVERNOR INVITES PARLAKIMEDI

Ministry-Making In Orissa

CUTTACK, Nov. 19.

The following 'communique' has been issued by the Secretary to H. E. the Governor of Orissa:

"H. E. the Governor of Orissa met the Maharaja of Parlakimedi, M.L.A., and Pt. Godavaris Misra, M.L.A., for further discussion of the proposal they had recently made to him for the formation of a Ministry.

"His Excellency has invited the Maharaja Saheb to meet him again to-morrow morning."—A. P.

Keen Contest For Aney's Vacancy

AMRAOTI, Nov. 19.

The triangular contest between the Congress, the Hindu Mahasabha and the Forward Bloc for the by-election to the Central Assembly from the Berar non-Mohamedan constituency began yesterday when voters went to the polls.

The three candidates are:—Mr. W. G. Joshi (Congress), Mr. R. A. Kanitkar (Hindu Mahasabha) and Dr. Patwardhan (Forward Bloc).

Reports indicate that the voting was brisk.—A. P.

Elders' Questions

DEFENCE SERVICES COSTS INCREASE

NEW DELHI, Nov. 19.

During question hour the Finance Secretary stated in the Council of State to-day that the expenditure of defence services was mounting and for 1941-42 the daily average might amount to as much as Rs. 25,00,000 as against the pre-war figure of Rs. 12,00,000.

Replying to a question of Raja Yuvaraj Dutta Singh whether Indian air pilots attached to the R.A.F. had been taking part in the raids over Germany and whether Indian pilots had been sent to the Russian front, the Additional Defence Secretary stated that the Government had no information as to the actual duties for which those officials were detailed from time to time but it is a fact that some had been in operational duties.—United Press.

JAPANESE PRESSURE TACTICS

LONDON, Nov. 19.

The recent arrival of four Japanese cruisers at Saigon in French Indo-China indicates increased pressure upon Thailand, it is stated in London to-day. **There appears to be no particular reason for the movement except as a demonstration, it is added.**

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (———), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE-WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responbility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Young man with no relations independent means will like to meet a girl for marriage or friendship—Please reply to Box No. 15359, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Matriculate Rajput Bride for Government Officer. Apply Post Box 6541, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted suitable Bridegroom for a Jain Srimali Bania (Gujerati) of 28 years studying in the B.A. Final Class at Elphinstone College, Bombay. Apply sharp for the details to Miss Sarla Liladhar Mehta, Al-Abad, 115, Churchgate Reclamation, Bombay. (15369)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted: — Experienced person knowing manufacture of Baking Powder. Apply Box No. 15373, "Bombay Chronicle."

Engineer with sound mechanical and electrical experience to take charge of maintenance and repair work of a Bombay Factory producing edible products. Applicant must be energetic, and a good organiser, and have the ability to maintain the Plant in first class condition. Apply Box No. 15383, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Undergraduate S. T. C. and Primary trained, G. A. or Karve Matric Lady Teacher (preference to one knowing music, sewing and knitting) for A. V. School, (Bombay Suburb). Apply Box No. 15375, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately for a large Industrial concern in the Hyderabad State Fitters, Workshop Machine Men, Carpenters, Welders, Khalasis, Moulders and Blacksmiths. None except experienced men need apply. Salary according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 6551 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted capable people to sell our renowned NU Gold ornaments. Apply for a sample set comprising of (Ear-ring, Rings, Bangles and Pendant etc.) worth Rs. 30- supplied at sample price of Rs. 5/- NU Gold Works Limited, The Mall Lahore. (6472)

Wanted: Candidates For Station Master and Signaller's course, scholarship Rs. 50 and Railway fare terms. Free quarter. Apply with 2 annas stamps to The Director All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (15173)

Learn Shorthand by Post in 6 weeks. Practical training. Tuition guaranteed. Booklets free. India College, Peddapuram. (15373)

Wanted 12 Branch Managers and 24 Sub-Office Managers throughout Sholapur, Bombay, Thana, Kolhapur, Ratnagiri, Ahmednagar, Nasik and Surat Districts under our Inspector of Branches Mr. K. Bashyam, M.A., 15, Tholasingaperumal Koil Lane, Triplicane, Madras, on Rs. 100-5-150 and Rs. 50-5-75 respectively. Apply to The Indian Investment Trust Ltd., Ottapalam, (Malabar). (15367)

Journalists, Cartoonists, Agents, Publishers (no remuneration), Patrons, wanted for labour journal starting. Box No. 15321, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, (PURCHASE BRANCH) Shahibag House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay.

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER of Supplies, Purchase Branch, Shahibag House, Bombay, invites tender for the supply of Mild Steel Plates, Ships Quality. Tender forms No. MF 8G 3895 may be obtained from him on payment in cash of Rs. 2/-/- (not refundable) per set. Tenders will be opened on 25-11-1941. (6573)

NOTICE

THE GOCULDAS CULLIANJI AHMEDNAGAR COTTON PRESS CO., LTD.,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 28th November, 1941, to 12th December, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board. VALUBHDAS DAYAL & CO. Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents. Bombay 13-11-41. 6568

NOTICE.

THE BHURTPORE PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 28th November, 1941, to 12th December 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board. PREMJI OOKERDA & CO. Secretaries & Agents. Bombay 13-11-41. 6567

SHERIFF'S NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Fourth Criminal Sessions of 1941 which commenced on the 11th September, 1941, has this day been DISSOLVED.

T. SINCLAIR KENNEDY, Sheriff of Bombay

Bombay, 19th November, 1941. 6571

NOTICE.

MR. VENILAL P. PAPAIYA is no longer authorised to carry on our business under the name of the Star Radio and Engineering Co., and our clients are requested not to deal with him on our behalf.

AJIT G. DESAI, Proprietor, Star Radio & Engineering Co. Bombay, Date 13-11-1941. 6572

PROCLAMATION.

BOMBAY TO WIT:—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice that the FIFTH SESSIONS of 1941 of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay at the Court House on THURSDAY, the 20th day of November, 1941, at 10-45, o'clock in the forenoon for the trial of all crimes and offences committed within its jurisdiction.

(For further particulars see Bombay Government Gazette Part II dated the 13th day of November 1941, at page 2120).

Dated this 19th day of November, 1941.

T. SINCLAIR KENNEDY. Sheriff of Bombay. 6570

327. AGENTS WANTED

Agents for Malayalam High Count Nariels, Dhoties, Thovarthoos, Modern Designed Saries. The Travancore Weaving Home, Kottar. (15372)

Wanted Chief Agents for the Province of Bombay on lucrative terms for the Napier Insurance Co., Ltd., which have deposited Rs. 1,14,085. Life Fund Rs. 66,444, Total Assets Rs. 2,42,249, and Organisers in each Districts of the Province on Rs. 100 per month. Write to Commercial Buildings, Clive Street, Calcutta. (6574)

FORECAST

Earn Rs. 126/- with guarantee with a nominal investment of Rs 12 within any six days. See M. Sorabji, Nawab Building, 327, Hornby Road, Opp. Thos. Cook. (15358)

Public Notices

NOTICE

MEDICAL LICENTIATES are required for the Emergency Branch of the Indian Medical Department (Indian cadre).

AGE LIMIT: 35 years' age limit has now been raised to 50 years.

RATES OF PAY: Jemadar—Rs. 125 to Rs. 195 p.m. Subadar—Rs 210 to Rs. 225 p.m. Sub-charge pay when holding subcharge of a military hospital from Rs. 15 to Rs. 40/- p.m. Free accommodation and rations or compensation in lieu, free water and lighting. Free accommodation for families except during training period and also free water and lighting when the officer is on field service.

ADDITIONAL CONCESSIONS: Preferential treatment in connection with recruitment to Civil Medical Departments after the war, reservation of a certain percentage of appointments in Civil Departments for those who have served in the army. In the case of Government servants, grant of lien in Civil, confirmation in a civil appointment on the occurrence of a suitable permanent vacancy, period spent on military duty to count in full towards pay, promotion and pension in the Civil Department. Similar concessions for employees of local bodies who volunteer for army service under consideration.

DISABILITY AND FAMILY PENSION An Assistant Surgeon who is pronounced permanently unfit for general service owing to a disability attributable to field service and assessed at 100 per cent may at the termination of his service on account of such disability be granted a total pension of Rs. 60/- per mensem if he is a Jemadar and Rs. 85/- if he is a Subadar.

The heir of an Assistant Surgeon who is killed in action or dies of wounds received in action is eligible for the grant of a monthly pension of Rs. 50/-, if the Assistant Surgeon was a Subadar and Rs. 25/- if Jemadar. In addition, the heir of a Subadar is eligible for the grant of a gratuity of Rs. 1,200.

Detailed particulars can be obtained from Provincial Administrative Medical Officers or the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi. (6489)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Miscellaneous No. 56 of 1941.
AND
I.C. No. 34 of 1939.
In the matter of the INSURANCE ACT IV of 1938,
and
In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913,
and
In the matter of the DAWN OF INDIA LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD. (In Liquidation).

THE CREDITORS (including Policy holders) of the above named Company are required on or before the 20th day of December, 1941, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts and claims, and the names and addresses of their attorneys (if any) to the undersigned and if so required by Notice in writing from the Official Liquidator or in person or by their attorneys to come in and prove their said debts or claims, at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved

Dated this 14th day of November, 1941.

B. K. DESAI, Official Liquidator. H.M.'s High Court, BOMBAY. (6563)

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KHANUM MIRZA, widow of Mahomed Sidik Yezdi, MUMTAZ BEGUM, wife of Tahavoorali Khan SANAVARALIKHAN, DILSHAD BEGUM, daughter of Mahomed Sidik Yezdi and SHAH TEJ BEGUM, daughter of Mahomed Sidik Yezdi, a minor, by her mother and natural guardian the said Khanum Mirza of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell to my client Rai Saheb Bhogilal Chhotalal also of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant the property described in the Schedule hereunder written: ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, gift, sale, trust, lease, lien, charge, exchange, possession, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at Shri Nath Bhuvan, Picket Road, Kalbadevi, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground, admeasuring 1565 square yards or thereabouts being Plots Nos. 53 and 55 Suburban Scheme No. III Khar in the village of Bandra, Taluka South Salsette, District Bombay Suburban, Sub-Registration District Bandra, and bounded on the North by the Scheme Road, on the South by Plot No. 54 of the said Scheme, on the East by the Fourth Road and on the West by Plot No. 56 of the said Scheme together with buildings and structures thereon.

Bombay dated this 18th day of November, 1941.

CHHOTALAL J. GHIA, Purchaser's Advocate. (6569)

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, BOMBAY.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of the Policies numbered 22752/53 on the life of Mr. Crisologo Menezes, duplicate policies will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

S. B. CARDMASTER, Life Manager. (15376)

Legal Notices

IN THE FIRST COURT OF THE SUB-JUDGE, MIDNAPORE.

TITLE (PARTITION) SUIT NO. 33 OF 1941.

CHANDAN SINGH .. Plaintiff.
Vs.
T. HARI SINGH .. Defendant.

To
SITARAM, son of Kishan, residing at Poona, Bombay.
LACHMAN, son of Golab Singh, residing at Solapore, Bombay.
.. Defendants Nos. 6 & 7.

WHEREAS the abovenamed plaintiff has filed the above suit in this Court claiming 1/5th (one-fifth) share by partition of the properties of late R. Dhan Singh. TAKE NOTICE that if you object to the plaintiff's said claim, you are hereby asked to appear in this Court at 10-30 A.M. on the 24th day of October, 1941, either personally or by a duly instructed pleader to answer the said claim; in default whereof ex parte orders shall be passed against you.

(Sd.) S. C. RAY CHAUDHURY, Sub-Judge, 1st Court, Midnapore.

19-9-41. (6566)

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE of 3524 Bales Broach, Punjab, Western-Central India, Moghlai, Berar (Bodeli and Vagra Farm, Antoli, Amod, 4 F. Fazalka, Abohor, L. S. S. Laylpur, Mandibahudin, Okera 289 F & 4 F & Sawgin, Balhongal, Kudchi Senavad Jerila, Lasur, Belapur, Vambori, Malegaum, Karmala, Aurangabad). Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 20th and 21st November, 1941, at 2-15 P.M. (S. T.) at Cotton Depot, Sewree near Cotton Exchange room by order of the Insurance Office concerned the abovementioned cotton slightly damaged by fire and water salved from the fire that occurred on the 7th November, 1941 to cotton of Messrs. Baijnath Gangadhar.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

MENESSE & CO.

GANDHI & CO.
GOVT. AUCTIONEERS.

AUCTION SALE of 301 Bales Grey Dosuti Cloth advertised for sale this day Thursday, the 20th instant, has been POSTPONED.

GANDHI & CO.

Why MEN Want Their WOMEN
To Witness The 'Anand' Release
Gharki Laj
Now In 5th Week
IMPERIAL
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

PICKING BANDS
Beltings, Buffers etc., manufactured by THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES, LTD., highly approved by the Mills. Apply Selling Agents, THE INDUSTRIAL LEATHER CO. LTD., 9 Ash Lane Fort, Bombay, 'Phone 33609.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
LAST DAY!
EDWARD G. ROBINSON! MARLENE DIETRICH! GEORGE RAFT!
All Together in
"MANPOWER"
A WARNER BROS HIT with ALAN HALE-FRANK McHUGH
FRIDAY!
A MADCAP MUSICAL HURRICANE AS DEVASTATING AS A SOUTH SEAS TYPHOON..... WITH THE NAVY ON THE LOOSE!
"NAVY BLUES"
A WARNER BROS. PICTURE
WITH
ANN SHERIDAN
JACK OAKIE
MARTHA RAYE
JACK HALEY
IT'S THE ULTIMATE IN MIRTH, MELODY AND MADNESS!

Anjān
BOMBAY TALKIES' Laughlined Romance
with
Dance and Music
Daily at 4, 7, 10 p.m.
Roxy

MUSICALLY YOURS!
DALSUKH PANCHOLI'S
Khazanchi
MERRIEST MUSICAL OF 1941
33 RD WEEK
AT
KRISHNA
Daily 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

A LOVE-LYRIC SET TO THE TUNE OF LIFE!
नवयुग चित्र
NAVYUG'S Symphony Of Love-Life
SANGAM
"Romance Plus Realism"
2nd Glowing Week
NEW WEST END
MARATHI: 4, 7 p.m.
HINDI: 10 p.m.

EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
TO-DAY ONLY!
JACK HULBERT
in his happiest musical comedy hit
JACK OF ALL TRADES
FROM TO-MORROW
THE THIEF OF BAGDAD

COUGHING?

BE SURE YOU GET THE RIGHT BOTTLE
There are two kinds of cough medicine. The Substitute contains narcotic drugs. It checks your cough by doping you, but leaves your chest choked up with dangerous germ-laden phlegm.
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy contains absolutely no narcotics. It can't hurt even a baby. And it quickly stops your cough by loosening and getting rid of the tight phlegm, germs and all. This is the medicine for *you* and *your family*.
ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTE FOR
CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY
C

3309
DON'T BE AFRAID OF INDIGESTION

Indigestion is the cause of nine tenths of human suffering. The food you eat should contain the basis of your health and strength, but how *can* you be well if it is causing you to double up with pain, "burning" you with acidity and producing distension and flatulence? You will obtain immediate relief from these ailments by taking LACTOPEPTINE
LACTOPEPTINE
DIGESTS LIKE NATURE DIGESTS
That's the secret of LACTOPEPTINE. It digests just like Nature digests. It does, in fact, contain those very ingredients which Nature herself uses in the human digestion. Try LACTOPEPTINE after your next meal. You'll be delighted at the freedom from pain and distress. You'll be amazed how much better and brighter you feel. LACTOPEPTINE is obtainable in 3 forms, Tablets, Powder and Elixir, from all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars.

It is surprising how fit you feel
after a cup of Bovril. Its invigorating strength gives you new energy in these difficult times. Don't wait for things to "get you down." Take Bovril, and take it *daily*.
Bovril for Health and Vitality

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THE LAKSHMI INSURANCE CO.,

LIMITED.
Head Office: LAHORE
ESTD. 1924.

SYNOPSIS OF 1940 RESULTS.	
Premium Income ...	30.06 lakhs.
Interest & Other Income	6.38 "
Total Income	43.34 "
Addition to Life Fund.	21.6 "
Life Fund	155.22 "
Investment Reserve.	4.87 "
General Reserve ...	1.76 "
Expense Ratio ...	25.77 "

The addition made to Life Fund in 1940 was over 21-1/2 lakhs. This was after Rs. 1 lakh had been set aside to Reserve. Expense Ratio in 1940 was 25.77% against 31.54% in 1939 and 30.55% in 1938.

Keynote of Investment Policy: Safety first, diversification of risks and averaging of yield.

Bombay Branch:
LAKSHMI BLDG.,
Sir P. Mehta Road, Bombay.
Hyderabad Dcn. Branch:
ABID ROAD.

HIGH IDEALS!

"In the public opinion, "Sikandar" is undoubtedly a film with a message that reverberates with ideals of Liberty and Freedom."
—"Al-Aman", Delhi.

MINERVA'S IDEAL HISTORICAL

Sikandar Direction:- SOHRAB MODI

11th Grand Week 11th

MINERVA

To-day—Shows Nos. 231, 232 and 233

Daily 3 Shows—4, 7 and 10 p.m.
(AN EVERGREEN RELEASE.)

NEAR COMPLETE BREAKDOWN

The man who wrote this letter to us says we shouldn't recognise him now as the man who started taking Dr. Cassell's Tablets three weeks ago! That's what happens when Dr. Cassell's begin to build up the nerves—they change the whole personality—bring new hope, new interest in life, new HEALTH! This is what Mr. B. says: "*I felt very weak and exhausted. Then I went off my food and suffered very badly from nervous headaches. From this it was only a short step to complete breakdown. Then I began to take Dr. Cassell's Tablets and the result was amazing—after three weeks you would not have recognised me for the same man.*"

NOW You wouldn't know me for the same man

Feed your Nerves with

DR CASSELL'S TABLETS

—AND YOU WILL QUICKLY BEGIN TO

EAT BETTER!
SLEEP BETTER!
FEEL BETTER!

Sold by all Chemists & Stores
The Great Nerve Tonic and Body Builder
373-40

FOR HEALTH & HAPPINESS TAKE

DR. PAUL'S VIM PILLS

Ideal Tonic, Blood Purifier and Scientific Medicine for Nervous Debility or Neurasthenia, Physical or Sexual Weakness, Loss of Strength, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, etc., Dr Paul's Vim Pills are used regularly by Rajas Maharajas, Nawabs, Zamindars, etc. Increase Brain, Nerve and Sexual Power wonderfully. Act like Magic. Price Rs. 2 per Phial of 30 Pills. Sold by All Chemists. Agents:—Chimanlal Chunilal & Co., Princess Street, Bombay

BAYO CORDIAL

for LADIES

Ensures Vitality, Fertility and Beauty.

—Sole Agents—

B. A. & BROTHERS

Princess St., BOMBAY and CALCUTTA.

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Magsar Sud 2, 1998
Muslim: Shavaal 30, 1360
Parsi: Khordad 17, 1311
Sunrise: 6h. 46m.
Sunset: 6h. 1m.
Hightide: 00-37; 12-31
Lowtide: 6-36; 18-39

Standing Committee of Municipal Corporation: 3-40 p.m.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION: The monthly meeting of the Managing Committee of the Municipal Workers' Union, Bombay, will be held to-day (Thursday) at 7 p.m. at the head office of the Union at Foras Road.

A.R.P. DADAR EAST: Lecture on "Methods and Types of Attack and H. E. Bombs" by Mr. N. Balkrishna, Deputy Divisional Warden, Dadar East, at the Operational Headquarters, B.E.S.T. Club Room, Dadar, at 7-30 p.m. to-day (Thursday). Mr. J. Baldwin, Asstt. A.R.P. Controller, will preside.

A.R.P. SUBURBAN DISTRICT: Lecture on "Duties of Air Raid Wardens" by Mr. C. W. Bigwood, B.A., at the St. Andrews' High School Hall, Bandra, to-day (Thursday) at 6-45 p.m. All Wardens are expected to attend.

INSTITUTE OF OCCULT SCIENCES: Mr. A. M. Gaitonde will conduct the Study Class on Astrology, to-day (Thursday) at 6-15 p.m. in the hall of Suniti Girls' School Parekh St., Sandhurst Road.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS, MATUNGA: A public study class on the subject of "The Law of Cycles" will be held at 8-15 p.m. to-day (Thursday) at Putla House, Bhau Daji Road, Matunga.

SRI RAMAKRISHNA ASHRAM. The 106th birthday anniversary of Bhagavan Sri Ramakrishna will be celebrated at 9-15 a.m. on Sunday (23rd inst.) at Vanamali Hall, near Tilak Bridge, Dadar (B.B. and C.I. Rly.) Swami Sambuddhananda, President of Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, will preside.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS
BOMBAY: Wednesday.
Lady Lumley presided at a Competitive Entertainment of the Junior Red Cross at St. Xavier's College Hall and afterwards gave away the prizes.
The Governor of Bombay attended a meeting of Lodge Concord at the Freemasons Hall and afterwards dined with the members of the Lodge.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN).

Thana District will miss its brave and courageous D.S.P. Mr. G. C. Rayan, who, I understand, is transferred to take up an appointment with the Central Intelligence Bureau.

Mr. Rayan will be succeeded by Mr. K. D. Billimoria, who hails from Surat, where he is at present the District Superintendent of Police.

HOCKEY PLAYER WEDS

Mr. Peter Carvalho, well-known hockey-player of Bombay and son of Mr. and Mrs. F. Carvalho of Bandra, was married on Sunday last to Miss Enid Patricia D'Souza, daughter of Captain P. D'Souza, Civil Surgeon, Ratnagiri and Mrs. D'Souza, at St. Andrew's Church, Bandra. Mgr. D. De Sa, Dean of West Salsette and Vicar of St. Andrew's Church, performed the nuptial ceremony. A reception was held at the Bandra Town Hall, when Col. Jelal Shah, I.M.S., proposed the toast of the couple.

INAMDARS AND KHOTS' MEETING

Inamdars and Khots owning forest lands in the island of Salsette met recently and discussed the problem of deforestation taking place in the island at present.

Mr. H. W. Starte, who had been asked by Government to meet Inamdars and Khots and take their views on the question of deforestation, referred to the communication from the Natural History Society, Bombay, to forest authorities and Government drawing their attention to the intensive deforestation going around Bombay.

A suggestion that a Forest Owners' Association be formed, was made by Mr. G. V. Velkar, who added, this association must be guided by the advice of the Forest Department.

Shet H. J. Bharucha Dead

"The Bombay "Chronicle" regrets to announce the death of a well-known Philanthropist and landlord of Bombay, Shah Soudagar Shet Aaji Musabax Bharucha, who expired in his 70th year, in his residential quarters.

The deceased was greatly interested in educational and social welfare work, and devoted a good deal of his wealth and activity in that connection. He was keenly interested in the cause of Hindu-Muslim Unity, and a leader of social reform.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"Jack of All Trades" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"It's Love I'm After" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Here Comes Mr. Jordan" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Swami" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 a.m.
ROXY—"Anjan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Sangam". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 a.m.
MINERVA—"Sikandar". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 a.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi." Daily at 4, 7 and 10 a.m.
IMPERIAL—"Gharki Laj". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sasural". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m
CENTRAL—"Sant Sakhu". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
CHITRA—"Lagan" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Punarmilan" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY "Kanchan". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Topper Returns." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Zindagi". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Darshan". Daily at 4, 7 6-30 and 10 p.m.

INDIAN ART AND CRAFT EXHIBITION: An exhibition of ancient Indian art and craftmanship, ivory carving, metal engraving, carpet-making, sandalwood work, Kashmir embroidery, etc., will be held in Sir Jagmohandas Hall of Kapole Boarding School, behind Kapole Nivas, Vincent Road, Matunga, G.I.P., to-day (Thursday) from 4-30 p.m. to 8 p.m. The opening ceremony will be performed by Sunderdas Morarji at 6 p.m.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION
Owing to imperfect communication telegrams to and from Burma are subject to serious delay

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION: That "Pakistan is the only Solution for the Communal Problem" will be the subject of a public debate in Urdu in the Muslim Students' Union Hall, Bhavatsky Lodge, on Sunday, the 23rd inst. at 10 a.m. Mr. H. E. Patni will preside. Mr. Sabzwari Laiq-ul-Hasan will propose and Mr. M. I. Siddiqi will oppose.

On The Air

THURSDAY, NOV. 20.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far East. 5 Gauhar Sultan 5-10 Mashuq Ali Khan 5-25 Chand Khan 5-45 Zohra Jan. 6-15 Anwar Khan. 6-30 Labour in India. 6-45 For villagers only. 7-45 It has happened. 7-50 Gauhar Sultan. 8 Zohra Jan. 8-15 Lease and Lend 8-30 News from Berlin. 8-45 Gauhar Sultan. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Mashuq Ali Khan. 9-55 Listening post. 10 K. N. Pathak. 10-20 Gauhar Sultan 10-30 Zohra Jan

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Shahnai recital. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 Anjani Bai Lolekar. 8-50 News in Marthi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Sadat Khan. 9-25 Lalita Venkatram. 9-45 Air Bhajan Mandali. 12-30 p.m. Melodious melodies. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Orchestras. 1-10 Devotional songs. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Ram Chandra Pal. 5-20 Lalita Venkatram. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 T. Shevalkar. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Shalinibai Kavlekar. 6-20 Local news and announcements. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Anjani Bai Lolekar. 7 Marriage in Nazi Germany. 7-15 Songs from the stage. 7-25 Ramchandra Pal. 7-45 News commentary. 7-50 Jaltarang Solo. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 French city after Armistice by L Revel. 8-45 March of time. 9-0 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Mehli Mehta's Sextette

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1 8-5 Gujarati geets. 8-15 S. Biniwale. 8-25 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Ebrahim. 9 T. Shevalkar. 9-10 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-40 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-40 Kharadkar. 5-50 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Mirabai Bhajan. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1. 8 Sadat Khan. 8-10 T. Shevalkar. 8-20 Kharadkar. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-15 Lalita Venkatram. 9-45 Sadat Khan. 10 Anjani Bai Lolekar.

CREATED by COTY

COTY "AIR SPUN"
Gossamer light face powder made by an exclusive process which ensures smooth and lasting properties.

COTY TALCUM POWDER
Silky textured—refreshing—fragrant. In all the popular Coty perfumes.

The world-famous reputation for sophisticated elegance associated with Coty creations is zealously guarded. Absolute purity and perfection in every detail of material and manufacture ensure the maintenance of the highest standards. Coty creations may be implicitly relied upon for their unapproachable excellence.

COTY RUBENS LIPSTICK
Contains a special softening emollient to stop lip parching. In many lovely shades.

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A wide range of exquisite allurement. Includes Chypre, L'Aimant, Le Vertige, Le Nouveau Gardenis, etc. etc

COTY EAU DE COLOGNE
Cool, fragrant, refreshing, with all the exquisite distinction inseparable from Coty products.

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Natural in appearance. Enhances vivacity and charm. In many becoming shades.

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PERFUMES, TOILET AND BEAUTY PREPARATIONS

Every possible detail of my lady's toilet is catered for in the wide range of Coty preparations, and every Coty beauty aid is just perfection itself. Wise women are turning more and more to Coty preparations because of their exquisite excellence. For *your* beauty's sake, too, choose Coty. The name itself is your guarantee. Ask to see the full range.

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THE STORY OF THE COMMON MAN

AND SO, IT'S — YOUR OWN STORY!

NATIONAL STUDIOS

Nai Roshni

What role does She play?

Whatever may be your status in life you are just human, and this new National Film, tells you a human story of the man that may be yourself or your neighbour. The realistic touch leaves you wondering, whether after all it is not your own story.

ALL-INDIA PREMIERE
SAT. NOV. 22 AT

PATHE

V STANDS FOR VICTORY OVER OUR ENEMIES..
A STANDS FOR
'ASPRO'
WHICH MEANS
VICTORY OVER PAIN & FEVER!

HOW TO GIVE 'ASPRO' TO THE KIDDIES

Two simple methods of giving 'ASPRO' to the kiddies are: (a) with a little milk; or (b) break the tablet up and administer in a teaspoonful of jam. The dosage is: Children 3 to 6 years, ½ tablet; 6 to 14 years, one tablet; 14 to 18 years, 1½ tablets. 'ASPRO', like every other medicine, should not be given to babies under 3 years of age without medical advice.

Even a Child can safely take 'ASPRO'

WHAT THESE STATEMENTS MEAN TO YOU & YOURS— To be able to conquer pain, fever, irritability and the hundred and one ailments that can attack your home, is a feat which you definitely can accomplish with the aid of 'ASPRO'. The reason is that 'ASPRO' attacks the two main causes of complaints—fever and uric acid. 'ASPRO' reduces fever and is a solvent of uric acid. Furthermore, it is an anti-pyretic, a germicide, and an anti-fermentative.

THAT IS WHY 2 'ASPRO' TABLETS WILL

- stop HEADACHE in 5 minutes
- bring sweet sleep to the SLEEPLESS
- relieve LUMBAGO
- soothe away IRRITABILITY
- stop TOOTHACHE and NEURALGIA at once
- soothe away ACHES and PAINS
- reduce FEVER in a few minutes
- stop WOMEN'S PAINS
- remove DENGUE FEVER quickly
- get rid of EPIDEMIC COMPLAINTS
- soothe away NERVE SHOCK
- dispel SORE THROAT and TONSILLITIS in form of gargle

Remove ALCOHOLIC AFTER-EFFECTS

2-3 tablets of 'ASPRO' will break up COLDS and INFLUENZA
2-4 tablets will relieve RHEUMATISM, NEURITIS and GOUT in one night
Full directions in the carton

'ASPRO' RELIEVES MALARIA

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The Bombay Chronicle

AMNESTY IS NOT ENOUGH

Mr. Amery's reply to a question in the Commons about the release of prisoners in India is even more unsatisfactory than Sir Reginald Maxwell's speech in the Central Legislative Assembly. While the latter contemplated a general amnesty the former talked only of accelerating the pace of releases. Even the "Times" of London feels constrained to remark that Government's attitude in this matter is disappointing and the disappointment "will not be wholly dissipated by the implied promise of further careful consideration." It also warns Government that "it is not possible to postpone to an indefinite future problems which the war is making every day more urgent and more actual." The "Times" is, however, wrong in thinking that Gandhiji's statement on the release of prisoners has made Government's task difficult. Sir Reginald Maxwell himself has not made any such remark. Moreover, as we have pointed out before, Gandhiji's remark about an amnesty that "there will be on the part of the Congress neither appreciation of, nor response to, any such gesture by Government", can only mean that a mere amnesty is not enough to elicit a response leading to a settlement. And that view is endorsed by all Congressmen. They have courted jail and will value an amnesty only as an opportunity for a review of the whole position. They can think of a settlement with Government only if the latter offer a great deal more than amnesty.

Abject Surrender

Feeling in India is necessarily bitter at Government's dilatory tactics in the release of prisoners. The "Amrit Bazar Patrika" fears that the new Indian Members of the Viceroy's Council "have made abject surrender to the judgment of the bureaucracy and that "the experiment of constitutional expansion has proved a constitutional farce." Referring to the failure of the new members, the "National Herald" says that they cannot continue with self-respect in office". Probably they still hope they will succeed in bringing about an amnesty and that it will in its turn lead to some satisfactory settlement. If they have real grounds for such a hope they may well wait for a few days, but if they fail in such a vital matter, they certainly cannot with self-respect cling to their seats and thereby make themselves party to continuing repression.

Bad Old Policy

Since an amnesty is to be valued most as an opportunity for a review of the present situation and as a settlement is possible only if Government are prepared to go far beyond the August Declaration last year, the new Indian members of the Council may well concentrate their efforts on this aspect of the question as well as on the release of prisoners. Referring to the barrenness of Government's policy since that Declaration was made the "Manchester Guardian" remarks with bitter sarcasm: "It would be thoughtless to say that the Government did nothing after the August proposals of last year. It sent many Congress leaders and supporters to prison including Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru." But the paper hopes that now at least "the British Government has finally abandoned the discreditable policy of holding aloof from the Indian deadlock, which it pursued after the proposals of August, 1940 had failed." As regards some of the difficulties frequently pleaded as standing in the way of a settlement the paper reminds Government that "it can never honourably wash its hands off the issues which it has itself by a long course of policy provoked." The tone and tenor of the comments by papers like the "Manchester Guardian" and the "Times" indicate that dissatisfaction with Government's policy is growing even in Britain. That dissatisfaction is not likely to be removed by Mr. Amery's latest speech at Manchester wherein he boosts the August Declaration which has been denounced by India and describes as "vague" the Atlantic Charter which India insists should be applied to her. If Government's policy is still to withhold that which India demands and impose that which India denounces, Britain will soon come to regret the inevitable consequences of the bad old policy of Lord North.

JAPAN WILL NOT GO TO WAR

India Will Be Free After War, Says Sir Victor Sassoon

That Japan was not likely to plunge into war, India would be declared free after the war and that "no rich man" would be left when the present war concluded, were some of the observations made by Sir Victor Sassoon speaking to city journalists on Tuesday at the Club of the Journalists' Association of India.

Mr. S. A. Brelvi who presided, in welcoming Sir Victor, said that the Far Eastern question was becoming increasingly graver every day. The results of the negotiations at present going on in Washington were bound to affect the destiny of the whole world. On these problems, few people were as well informed as Sir Victor.

In enumerating the different reasons why he considered that Japan was not likely to risk a war, Sir Victor mentioned the conversations which he had with some representative Japanese when recently he was in Shanghai. As patriotic Japanese they thought that it was rather stupid for Japan to fight only for the benefit of Germany. They could not forget that Germany, which allowed Russia to take certain parts of Poland, later turned against her and attacked her. Thinking Japan feared that if Germany ruled the world, she (Japan) would have to disgorge many of her possessions on one pretext or another.

In addition to this Japan had seen the films of the bombing of Warsaw and Rotterdam. Most of the Japanese houses were made of wood and card board. What chance did the important cities of Japan have against a modern air-raid? Up-to-date planes could fly from Vladivistok, go and bomb Japan and return to their bases.

The naval position of Japan was no better. The Japanese navy, like the Italian navy, would hesitate to leave their bases and harbours, for fear of air and submarine attacks and America could help China and Russia against Japan, cut off Indo-China and attack Formosa.

One of the silliest arguments that he had heard was that the Japanese had "unsinkable aircraft carriers". But they, too, were no proof against bombing. Japan would realise that if they went to war, there would be all the disadvantages from which Britain suffered without her superior equipment and natural resources.

Sir Victor characterised the Japanese air-force as "not even third class" and it would no chance against modern planes.

It was Sir Victor's strong belief that Japan would not plunge into a war, with all these disadvantages, or at any rate not until Russia was beaten and forced to withdraw her Far Eastern army of a million or so. The position as regards Singapore had improved enormously since last year. Front rank fighter planes had been poured into Singapore in great numbers. In fact Japan was serving Germany better by not going to war. She was compelling Britain to keep large forces immobilised in Singapore.

India After War

Referring to the problems of India Sir Victor said that he felt that after the war England would get a Government which would say: "We don't want India; we need no raw materials from her." Personally he felt that India would be very much worse off in such a state of independence for she would not be armed to meet either external aggression or internal disorder. Britain would simply leave India to set her house in order as best she could.

A determining reason why England would declare India free after the war, was that from South America they could get all the raw material which they required in exchange for heavy machinery. Circumstances pointed to the possibility of Great Britain and America constituting some sort of a federation.

Elaborating on the danger to India from Japan if Britain withdrew, the speaker said that Japan coveted India, for Japan could never be a great power without natural supplies of iron and coal. She did not have them. But India had and on account of her natural resources, could become a Great Power.

Sir Victor referred to the slackness in certain quarters in India Her resources were not properly harnessed for the purpose of war.

After pointing to the gathering the danger of a German invasion the speaker said that, whatever were the conditions of life in India under the British, they would be infinitely worse under the Nazis. Poland and Czechoslovakia and other countries bore eloquent testimony to this. Life would be simply not worth living. There would be no higher education in India, nor culture nor any civilised amenities. "Personally", he said, "I'd prefer to die."

Referring to the future of the handloom industry Sir Victor said that if cottage industries made use of semi-power looms and if hand-spinning was used only to produce the most luxurious cloth, it would become a commercial proposition.

After the talk Sir Victor answered a number of questions.

Mr. K. A. Chidambaram in proposing a vote of thanks said that Sir Victor's talk was very thought-provoking. Inspite of the rather boisterous atmosphere, the talk was highly enjoyable. Like the journalists, Sir Victor was a free-lance, and like a good many of them, he was a bachelor.

INDIAN WAR FINANCE

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—With the increased war orders placed in India by the British Empire and other countries, all the Indian industries are working to capacity. With the cessation and diminution of imports, the demand for Indian goods has increased, and the prices of manufactured goods tend to rise. Though war orders do not figure in the trade returns, the price thereof for the first two years of war was given as Rs. 164 crores and the average of this figure might be exceeded in the third year. The increased business activity is also seen in the increased currency circulation. Since the start of the war, the notes in circulation have expanded from Rs. 172 crores to Rs. 220 crores and rupee coin and notes by nearly Rs. 50 crores. The total expansion is nearly Rs. 158 crores. The huge war orders have led also to the consistent increase in the Sterling holdings of the Issue and Banking Departments of the Reserve Bank. After the repatriation of Indian sterling dated securities by April 1941 of nearly £100 million, further sterling payments have again led to the March figures being exceeded. The Government of India appears to be again preparing the ground for the repatriation of undated Indian Sterling loans. The Government of India rupee securities in the Issue Deptt of the Reserve Bank which had swelled to Rs. 91 crores in consequence of the debt repatriation have again been brought down to Rs. 60 crores as against Rs. 49.62 crores before the debt repatriation. The sterling securities in the Issue and Banking Deptts have again risen to Rs. 231 crores. It will not be surprising if within a short time further Indian Sterling borrowings, possibly 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan amounting to £.78 3/4 million, are requisitioned for repatriation. At the present rate, India may be able to transfer the whole of her Sterling debt to India before the end of this war.

The fact to be noted is that whilst Great Britain has liquidated most of her foreign investments and mortgaged the rest and with the League and Lend Act borrowings, is now a debt of nation, India is allowed to prosper only in war conditions, and be able to pay back her foreign debt even before its maturity.—Yours, etc.

R. J. MANEKSHAW.

"Bombay Cultural Conference"

Mr. M. L. Shah, General Secretary, All-India Students' Federation, writes:—

A statement of Mr. Jayant Gandhi appears in to-day's issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" under the caption of Bombay Cultural Conference.

It refers to some controversy between the Bombay Students' Union and the organisers of a cultural conference. I fail to understand why the All-India Students' Federation and myself should have been dragged into it when I have neither said or done anything against the said conference.

As the gentleman concerned has thought it fit to make some uncalled-for, unwarranted and false allegations against me and my organisation a reply is needed.

The gentleman says that some delegates, including myself, walked out of the All-India Students' Conference at Nagpur because I "was to be dismissed" from the position of General Secretary. "I wish he would have invented a plausible allegation, however false, rather than this false, puerile and unheard one. Various allegations have been made against the Federation by its opponents, from whom Mr. Gandhi apparently derives his inspiration, in the course of the last ten months but this is not one of them. To quote Mr. Farooqui, Mr. Gandhi's leader, in one of his statements he says that to patch up the disputes they offered my group the general secretaryship again at Nagpur but we "did not accept" the proposal, I think the leader, rather than this follower, should be believed. I have repeatedly made it clear that the disputes in the Students' Federation are based not on any personal considerations but on principles and policy. The working committee of the Students' Federation have openly declared that all disputes concerning the split be referred to an impartial tribunal. Unfortunately, it has remained unresponded as yet. Will Mr. Gandhi persuade his leaders to respond?

Further, Mr. Gandhi alleges that the All-India Students' Federation has followers only at Bombay and Lucknow while his group has branches all over the country. Yes, Mr. Gandhi your group has branches all over the country in your imagination. Instead of merely saying that the Federation has branches all over the country and that, too, functioning ones, I invite you to the next session of the All-India Students' Conference to be held at Patna during the X'mas holidays and see things for yourself. The proof of the pudding will be in the eating.

In the end let me tell Mr Gandhi that students are an intelligent section of the society and will not be led away by your cock and bull stories. So far as your allegations against the Bombay Students' Union are concerned the Union is capable of looking after itself. I need not defend it.

Review Income-Tax Cases

Administer Law In More Sympathetic Spirit, Pleads Sapru

NEW DELHI, Nov. 19.

The Council of State devoted the whole of to-day to consideration of official bills already passed by the Legislative Assembly.

Speaking on the motion for consideration of the bill to amend the Indian Income Tax Act, Sir K. Ramunni Menon welcomed the bill as it corrected certain anomalies existing at present.

CLAIM OF DEPRECIATION

Mr. Shantidas Askuran congratulated the Finance Member in bringing this measure and welcomed in particular the provision in the bill enabling a tax-payer to claim depreciation allowance on a legitimate part of his business assets to which he was not entitled before. He however felt that this amendment should be given effect to from 1-4-40 from which date depreciation was to be computed on the written down value.

CASES MUST BE REVIEWED

Mr. P. N. Sapru complained of the manner in which the Income Tax Law was being administered and tax-payers were put to all sorts of inconveniences. He pointed out that the statement of accounts, submitted by the assessees were not generally accepted as true. He asked the Finance Member to issue directions to the Income Tax Department to administer the law in a more sympathetic spirit. Mr. Sapru felt that the High Courts, under the existing law provided little opportunity to the tax paying public to secure relief. He urged that subject to certain qualifications, High Courts should be empowered to review income tax cases.

RELIEF TO SMALL ASSESSEES

Pandit Hirdaynath Kunzru welcomed the bill, because in it were incorporated many of the view points of the critics of the Income Tax Act. The bill gave relief to small assessees. Pandit Kunzru pointed out the hardships of the Hindu undivided families under the Income Tax Law.

Mr. R. H. Parker supported the bill. He however enquired whether the exception in Clause 14 of the bill would apply to any partner in a registered firm who was assessed to Super Tax in respect of that business for the first time in 1921-22.

Raisman's Reply

Sir Jeremy Raisman, replying to the debate, said that he was glad to note that the bill had been accorded general approval by the members. Referring to the point raised by Mr. Parker regarding Super Tax assessment in 1920-21 or 1921-22, the Finance Member said that the number of payments in those years, if any, was very small and the question of exception mentioned by Mr. Parker was purely academic.

Replying to the criticism voiced against the levy of a fee for making an application to the Commissioner, the Finance Member said that such a deterrent was necessary to prevent people lightly making such applications. Their experience was that at the time when assessees could make appeals to the Commissioner without any fee, the Commissioner was so overwhelmed with such applications that it was not possible for him to devote requisite attention to his other duties. But it was intention of the Government now to issue instructions to the Commissioners not to confine themselves to such cases where applications had been made with the payment of the fee, but on their own motion, as they used to do in the past, to take up for revision any cases in which they thought any injustice or mistake had crept in. He would not exclude the possibility that in the light of experience, Government might at some future date be able to take a different view in the matter of levying a fee. But he could give no assurance now that such a change would be made.

SALARIED ASSESSEE'S ADVANTAGE

Referring to the point made by Mr. Sapru that salaried assessee had an advantage over businessmen, Sir Jeremy Raisman said that the only advantage of a salaried assessee was that Income Tax was deducted every month at the source by the employer himself. But there was no reason why a businessman should not pay his tax by instalments if he so chose. The department was always prepared to arrange for payment of instalments of income tax in the case of a businessman also if he desired it. But every businessman would certainly know his annual turnover and he should be able to so plan his affairs that he would be able to make payment of his taxes when it became due.

The bill was then passed.

The bill to amend the Excess Profits Tax was then taken into consideration.

Mr. Shantidas Askuran welcomed certain features of the bill, which he considered were commendable, particularly the provision removing the discrimination as regards treatment of borrowed capital between money borrowed from a 'bona fide' banker and money borrowed from any other person. But he did not like the wording of some of the clauses of the bill.

COMPUTATION OF CAPITAL

Referring to Clauses Eight and Nine of the Bill dealing with the method of computation of capital, Mr. Askuran welcomed the provision but urged that it should be given retrospective effect from September, 1939. He also felt that very wide and radical powers had been given to Excess Profits Tax Officer in the bill to decide what expenditure was "reasonable and necessary to the requirements of the business." That was going too far. He pleaded for the wholesale deletion of this sub-Clause. Vexatious interference by officials, he said, would only mean killing the goose that laid the golden eggs.

He further regretted to note that the amendments moved in the Assembly to the bill with regard to appeals to the High Court had not been accepted by the Government. He hoped that on some future occasion Government themselves would be prepared to amend the Act allowing appeals to the High Court on all sections of both the Income Tax and Excess Pro-

(Continued on Page 5.)

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

TOKIO, Nov. 19: A Soviet unit penetrated into Manchukuo territory on Sunday night from Hsinking. Two Russians were captured and one killed, it is declared. The Manchukuo authorities have protested to the Soviet Consul-General at Harbin.

* * *

"Alter Ego" is amazed that the next Governor to be chosen for Bombay should be Field-Marshal Sir John Dill (retd.).

But we aren't. After all Mr. Winston Churchill must make arrangements from now to implement his pledge of a new order for India as given on September 9.

* * * *

By the way, it is doubly appropriate that the right man should take up the job more or less on the first anniversary of Mr. Churchill's pledge.

* * * *

No, our own reaction to this historic development in India's civil administration and progress towards democracy was not one of amazement.

On the contrary and particularly because we remembered the present war—we rushed to an atlas to study the map of India in all its aspects.

It convinced us of the strategical wisdom, too, of Sir John Dill's choice.

And now, we expect that Mr. Churchill will similarly retire Admiral Sir Dudley Pound and post him as Governor of the N. W. F. P.

* * *

Post-Script

The A.P.I. and Anglo-India have offered further proof for our satisfaction of Sir John's qualities as a territorial administrator by recalling the success that he made of a "tough job" in Palestine.

But they are only preaching to the converted.

* * *

Talking of Mr. Churchill's New Order, the Junior Colleague recommends that it should really begin from the Centre.

The extension granted to Lord Linlithgow should, therefore, be cancelled and General Sir Archibald Wavell be appointed to the combined post of Viceroy and Governor-General - cum - Commander-in-Chief of India with Sir John Anderson as his Chief Civilian Adviser.

* * *

Here is an interesting little bit from the House of Commons:—

Mr. Russel Thomas asked: "Does the Prime Minister not agree that the basis of sound strategy, whether in the east or anywhere else, is the willing co-operation of a free State."

Mr. Churchill: "That sounds all right."

That is, that sounds all right but actually isn't, eh?

* * *

In reply to another question, Mr Amery said: "The possibility of accelerating releases is under consideration."

Sir Reginald Maxwell need not have tried to be tediously vague and non-committal in the Central Assembly.

* * *

Defending—well, whatever he was seeking to defend, Sir Reginald urged that conditions were not the same in all Provinces.

We agree. There is, for instance, Sir Maurice Hallet.

* * *

Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Pownall, the Vice-Chief of the Imperial General Staff, has been selected for a special appointment.

If you think that it is connected with the present war you had better try to guess again.

* * *

Reminded by American reporters that the Tokyo press itself did not sound very peace-minded, Admiral Nomura is stated to have laughed.

He was right. Tokio bellicosity IS a joke if the others only realise their own strength.

* * *

"You don't think I look thirty, dear?"

"Not now, darling. You used to."

Glass House Stone

Apropos of Japanese tactics, Reuter's Washington Correspondent approving mentions "observers well acquainted with the orient and oriental ways" of bluffing and bargaining. This contemptuous and slighting reference to the "orient" and "oriental ways" ill becomes those who find themselves in a life and death struggle because of the bluff, the bargaining, the deceit and the hypocrisy of the big, blonde 200 per cent occidental Nazis. When occidental gentlemen, whether in Washington or London, feel the urge to assume continental or racial superiority, they had better remind themselves of this fact, too. And if Japan's behaviour represents the fundamental attributes of the Orient, what does the desertion and betrayal for so many long years of China by the U. S. A. and Britain represent?

Japan is no more oriental in her vices than European Germany and Italy. And she is practising them as a true disciple of the Axis. The question now is: What are America and Britain going to do about her? The resolution of the Diet, which was passed almost exactly when Mr. Kurusu was meeting President Roosevelt and Mr. Cordell Hull, is plain enough, even without the sensational speeches, as a blunt ultimatum to the United States of America. It is an ultimatum to fight or surrender. There is literally no other alternative. Let us see what America chooses. As to Japan, it may be that she is just bluffing as Nazi Germany used to do in the good old days before Anglo-French appeasers helped her to get ready. If this is so, she is in a serious predicament from which there ought to be no escape. She must fight or surrender. If she chooses the latter alternative, well and good. If she prefers a fight, there is great truth in the Chinese Foreign Minister's suggestion that Japan is the weakest link in the chain of aggression, that it can be swiftly and easily broken and that then all the anti-aggression Powers can concentrate their attention and resources upon the European aggressors.

High Command Changes

Having retired Sir John Dill from his present post on the ex cause of statutory age, Mr. Churchill has made extensive changes in Britain's military commands. But they are, if not objectionable, just as much a mystery as the infliction upon an Indian Province, Bombay, of a superannuated Field Marshal. They are, at least some of them, nevertheless noteworthy. There is General Sir Alan Brooke who has displaced Sir John Dill. Sir Alan proved his worth in successfully fighting back the overwhelming onslaught of German Panzer divisions in Flanders. This was recognised when later he was appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Home Forces. He is supposed to have been mainly responsible for organising the defences of Britain. And since his appointment as Commander-in-Chief his few public statements have been made in terms exclusively of defence needs. He has revealed, that is a defensive mentality. This is hardly what is required in the chief of the Imperial General Staff "responsible for future war operations." Another noteworthy change is the transfer of Sir Henry Pownall from the General Staff to what General Dill calls "a very important appointment which will be announced before long". This is more exciting But we had better wait and see what actually "the very important appointment turns out to be".

Frankly Speaking

Headache For Papen

A minor sensation was created the other day with the report of a "peace feeler" by Herr von Papen. It was particularly noteworthy because in addition to seeking to flatter Spain and Turkey, as possible intermediaries, Herr von Papen admitted the "growing difficulties of the prolongation of the war against communists..." Von Papen, in fact, almost confessed himself apprehensive of Germany's future. Now this interview appeared in a Spanish paper and it is well-known that the whole Spanish press is controlled by the pro-Axis Falange and cannot deliberately publish anti-Axis falsehoods. Berlin, however, describes the whole affair as "apocryphal"—incidentally the epithet aptly applies to the shiny von Papen. It cannot, of course, do otherwise. But whether the von Papen report in the Spanish paper is apocryphal or not, the German Ambassador in Ankara has been given another headache in the form of an insolent indiscretion by a Bulgarian statesman who would like Turkish Thrace to be annexed to German occupied Bulgaria. The Turks have quickly taken up the challenge and Herr von Papen has now the harassing worry of appeasing Turkey.

No Tampering With Constitution

The Maharaja of Bhavnagar has acted most arbitrarily in nominating a number of persons to the local Legislative Council instead of holdnig elections under the Constitution granted in June, 1940 The excuse for this extra-ordinary tampering with the Constitution is war conditions. But it is absurd to suppose that war conditions can adversely affect elections in such a State. In the circumstances Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, as President of the State People's Parishad, has appealed to the Maharaja to cancel the nominations And in the event of his appea going unheeded he rightly urges those who are nominated and who are free to do so to repudiate their nominations and not to attend the meeting of the Council. If in that case the Maharaja goes to the length of doing without the Council, he will, of course, take the consequences. But the leaders of the people should never be party to any tampering with or violence to their Constitution.

A Make-Believe Charter

The recent pronouncement of the Maharaja of Bikaner, pledging himself "and his successors for all time", to various essentials of good government, is described as "something like a Charter of Rights" for his subjects. But the charter is so vaguely worded that it does little more than enunciating some pious ideals. The "reign of law" that has been promised means but little when the Ruler's will is law, and not the will of a popular legislature. "As large a portion as possible of the resources of the State for the benefit of the people" is a proposition which every ruler will accept as he is to be the judge as to what expenditure is possible for the benefit of the people, who have no control over the taxes they pay. The talk of increasing association of the people with the Government is only a make-believe, a show of popular government without giving any real power to the people. However, the time cannot be far off when the people will come into their own. Meanwhile they should organise themselves for the effort to win a genuine Charter of Rights.

The Bombay Strike

The police firing on workers in the mill area in the city on Monday is to be deeply regretted. It appears the incident arose out of a strike declared by workers in a few mills as a protest against increase in hours of work. The increase, if necessary, should have been decided upon with the approval of Labour leaders. As coercion of workers in this matter by employers is objectionable, the strikers, too, should refrain from coercing those workers who are willing to accept more hours of work for higher wages. We wonder if production could not have been better stimulated by other methods like those recommended by the Bombay Textile Labour Inquiry Committee. The question needs to be considered seriously in view of the opposition of a large number of workers to increase in hours of work. We are glad a large number of Bombay Mills have cancelled the extension of hours of work to ten.

Soviet Denial Of Nazi Capture Claim

FIERCE BATTLES STILL RAGINC NEAR KERCH

German Thrusts Beaten Back: No Progress In Any Sector

KUJBYSHEV, Nov. 19.

The Soviet spokesman, M. Lozovsky, denied the German claim of the capture of Kerch and added that the battle continued near the town.

NO NAZI ADVANCE ON ANY FRONT

Giving a brief review of the various fronts, M. Lozovsky said that near Rostov German and Italian troops have not progressed.

The situation on the Moscow Front continues to improve and Soviet counter-attacks are developing.

There is fierce fighting in the region of Tikhvin.

German and Finnish troops have made no progress in the direction of Murmansk.

German Claims

BERLIN:—A German High Command "communique" announces that new successful attacks are in progress and in the last three days over 10,000 prisoners were taken and 171 tanks destroyed.

The Sebastopol fortress was bombed and violent explosions were caused in the docks and on a dump of explosives.

Last night Moscow, Leningrad and Soviet rear lines of communication in the Central Sector were also bombed with bombs of the heaviest calibre.

German Planes Raid Caucasus Ports?

ROME:—A report that German planes had bombed the Caucasus ports of Anapa and Tuapse was broadcast by the Rome radio tonight. Tuapse is at the terminus of an oil pipeline.

Search For Weak Spot

LONDON:—The heavy fighting on the Central Sector of the Eastern Front suggests that the Germans are trying to find a weak spot in the defences and are apparently renewing their offensive in the Donetz Basin.

A new German drive eastwards of Orel, 200 miles south of Moscow is reported.

The Nazis are striking in an attempt to reach the railway which is bringing supplies to Moscow.

The Germans are reported to have captured a few villages 100 miles north of Orel. The Russians have improved the position in Tula. At one sector the Germans withdrew with a loss of two thousand men.

Violent Fight In Tula Sector

MOSCOW:—Strong German formations attacked Soviet positions at dawn on November 18th southeast of Tula, according to a "Pravda" correspondent. The fighting was extremely violent. The Russians repulsed the attacks, although in one place, owing to their superiority in tanks, the Germans pushed back the Russians and made a wedge in the defence. In the first half day the Germans lost about one infantry regiment killed and wounded.

Soviet troops advanced from three and a half to twelve miles capturing a number of villages after stubborn battles on the southern front yesterday, according to the "Pravda's" war correspondent. In one sector the Germans pressed back the Soviet troops at the cost of heavy losses. 1,500 Germans were annihilated during the past 24 hours.

Soviet Communique

The Soviet midday 'communique' states: "During the night of November 18th our troops fought the enemy on all fronts".

Soviet units operating in one sector of the western front destroyed 65 German tanks and armoured cars in two days' fighting, according to a supplement to the 'communique'. Guerillas are repeatedly hammering the German reserves which are being brought to the Kalinin sector.

The Soviet night communique states:—There was especially fierce fighting in the Kalinin-Volokolamsk sectors and one sector in the South-western front.

Our troops were beating off enemy attacks and destroying equipment and annihilating the man-power of the Germans.

Eighteen German planes were destroyed on November 17. We lost four planes.—Reuter.

Emigration Committee Meeting

NEW DELHI, Nov. 19.

The "United Press" learns that a meeting of the Standing Emigration Committee has been called for Monday, November 24 to consider the debates on Indo-Ceylon Agreement proposals, with a view to advise the Government of India in regard to the lines on which further negotiations can be taken in hand.

The Council of State is having the debate on Indo-Ceylon Agreement proposals on Saturday, followed by the meeting of the Emigration Committee on Monday.—United Press

"NO DOUBT ABOUT CONSPIRACY"

(Continued from page 1)

nists with the object of making use of them for political purposes.

Dr. P. Subbaroyan and Mrs. Radhabai Subbaroyan and a large number of advocates and students were present in the Court when the judgment was delivered.

THEY DESERVED NO LENIENCY

Before delivering the orders, the Counsel for the accused pleaded for a lenient sentence in view of the fact that they had been long under remand and as they were found guilty only of political offences and especially in view of the alliance of England with Russia.

The Magistrate observed that though the accused were comparatively young, they were all men of political experience, especially the first and the fifth accused, Mr Kumaramangalam and Mr. Rama murti. "They did not deserve to be treated leniently. All of them had joined in a conspiracy with a view to overthrowing the British Government at the present juncture, taking advantage of the fact that the Empire was pre-occupied with the war against Nazi Germany. Again the accused made no secret of their hatred of the Government as was shown in their slogans as they entered the Court every day—the slogans of "Long Live Communism" shouted at the highest pitch."

The Magistrate said that he referred to the shouting of slogans by the accused "not to justify the sentences, but to show the mentality and views of the accused." He held that "deterrent sentences were called for in this case in view of the dangerous deep-rooted and widespread character of the conspiracy."

DETAILS OF SENTENCES

Following are the details of the sentences passed:—

The first accused Mr. Mohan Kumaramangalam was sentenced to two years' R. I. on the charge of conspiracy, to 18 months' R. I. and a fine of Rs. 500 in default, to a period of six months for possession of prejudicial literature, the sentences to run consecutively. He was also sentenced to two years' R. I. for the offence of despatching prejudicial literature to Coimbatore, his sentence to run concurrently with the above sentences. In all he was sentenced to three years six months' R. I. and Rs. 500 fine or in default, an additional six months' R. I.

The second accused Mr. S. Subramania Sarma, was sentenced to two years' R. I. for the offence of conspiracy and eighteen months' R. I. for possession of prejudicial literature the sentences to run consecutively.

The third accused Mr. A. Hanumanta Rao was sentenced to eighteen months' R. I. for the offence of conspiracy and eighteen months' R. I. for possession of prejudicial literature the sentences to run consecutively.

The fourth accused Mr. Keraliyan was sentenced to 18 months' R. I. on the charge of conspiracy and eighteen months' R. I. for possession of prejudicial reports the sentences to run consecutively.

The fifth accused Mr. P. Ramamurthi was sentenced to two years R. I. on the charge of conspiracy and two years R. I. for the possession of prejudicial literature the sentences to run consecutively. The accused was sentenced to two years R. I. for the offence of making and keeping prejudicial literature this sentence to run concurrently with the above sentence. In all he was sentenced to four years' R. I.

The sixth accused Mr. C. S. Subramaniam was sentenced to 18 months' R. I. for conspiracy and an equal term for possession of prejudicial literature the sentence to run consecutively. He was acquitted of the charge of making and keeping prejudicial reports.

The seventh accused Mr. A. Umaffatha Rao was sentenced to one year and six months R. I. for the offence of conspiracy and one year for possession of prejudicial reports the sentences to run consecutively. He was sentenced to one year R. I. for making and keeping prejudicial literature this sentence to run concurrently with the above sentences He was acquitted on the charge of abetting the first accused in the despatch of prejudicial reports to Coimbatore. He was sentenced in all to two years and six months R. I.

If Burma Road Is Attacked

Eden's Warning: Senator Pepper's Plainspeaking: Pacific Peace Terms

LONDON, Nov. 19.

"It is, I trust, already clear to all concerned that an attack on the Burma Road would create a grave situation", declared the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Eden, replying to a question in the House of Commons.

Mr. Noel Baker then asked: "Is Mr. Eden aware that if the Burma Road were to be closed it would be a great disaster to British, Russian, and American interests in the Far East."

No reply was given.

LIMIT REACHED

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.

Mr. Kurusu should understand that "the time has come to draw a line and that if war in the Pacific is the price of resisting the Japanese rampage, then war will have to come", declared Senator Pepper. "If the Japanese want peace, let them stop aggression and get out of China.

Shimada's Call To Japan Amazes Washington

Amazement scarcely describes the reaction here to a belligerent statement of Mr. Shimada, the Japanese Minister for Agriculture in the Diet to-day when he virtually urged Japan to go to war with the United States immediately, says Reuter's correspondent.

Mr. Shimada spoke in support of a Lower House resolution, accusing the United States of being the root cause of the present European conflict. It followed the equally warlike speeches of the Japanese Premier and Foreign Minister yesterday, and thus gave the impression that the Tokyo Government was anxious to sabotage its own mission to Washington.

As a result of these outbursts Mr. Kurusu is pictured as an envoy carrying an olive-branch loaded with brickbats. Observers well acquainted with the orient and oriental ways, however, see in these statements merely a gigantic bluff aimed at getting the best possible bargain.

The general attitude here is well summarized by the commentator, Raymond Clapper, who says that the Tokyo statements amount to a demand that the United States should completely reverse its policy while allowing Japan to proceed with hers.

Clapper concluded, "If Kurusu can turn it into a peaceful settlement, he is more than a statesman—he is a magician."

Japanese-American Talks Continue

LONDON, Nov. 19.

The Washington talks between Mr. Cordell Hull and Mr. Kurusu, the special Japanese envoy, and Admiral Nomura, the Japanese Ambassador, are being continued to-day. Yesterday they were together for nearly three hours.

Afterwards Mr. Hull stated that he was prepared to continue discussions with them and the Japanese diplomats advised him that they were ready to move forward.

The British Minister visited Mr. Hull after the talks with the Japanese Ministers.

The general American attitude is voiced by the Radio commentator Mr. Raymond Swing, who stated that the Tokio statement demanded that the United States should completely reverse its policy.

He added that if Mr. Kurusu turned that into a peaceful settlement, he was more than a statesman; he was a magician.

Negotiations Unavailing?

OTTAWA, Nov. 19.

Canada will undoubtedly range herself on the side of the United Kingdom and the United States in the event of a war in the Pacific, it is authoritatively stated here to-day. The arrival of Canadian troops in Hongkong, it is felt, clearly shows where Canada stands. Meanwhile the impression is growing in Ottawa that these Japanese-American negotiations in Washington will be unproductive.—Reuter.

Japanese Envoy Confers With Australian Minister

CANBERRA, Nov. 19.

The Japanese Ambassador, Mr. Tatsuo Kawai, called on the Australian Minister of External Affairs, Dr. Evatt, to-day. Neither made any statement afterwards, but, it is believed they discussed the Pacific and the Washington talks.—Reuter.

Charges Against Deputy Registrar

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 19.

Sir Iqbal Ahmed, Chief Justice, Allahabad High Court, framed certain charges against Mr. D. B. Bower, Deputy Registrar, and called upon him to answer charges by Monday.

Pending enquiry the Chief Justice has suspended Mr. Bower.

The 22nd session of the Andhra Maha Sabha will be held at the Town Hall, Vizagapatam, on the 22nd and 23rd November, 1941. Sri Maharaj Kumar Sir Vizia Ananda Gajapati Raj Bahadur will preside.

The first, second and sixth accused, who were till now in the special division, were directed to be placed in "A" Class and the others were directed to be in "C" Class.—A. P.

Soviet Troops In Manchukuo

Entered Territory On Reconnoitring Mission?

TOKIO, Nov. 19.

A Soviet unit penetrated into Manchukuo territory on Sunday night from Hsinking. Two Russians were captured and one killed, it is declared. The Manchukuo authorities have protested to the Soviet Consul-General at Harbin.

According to another dispatch from Hsinking, "Soviet soldiers on questioning are reported to have revealed that they belonged to the Fifty-third Soviet Border Patrol Unit and to have confessed that they had entered Manchukuoan territory on reconnoitring mission."—Reuter.

CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEE OF ECONOMISTS

Sub-Committees Include Eminent Scholars

The Consultative Committee of Economists appointed by the Government of India to consider post-war reconstruction problems has constituted the following Sub-Committees for the purpose of drawing up a programme of work with regard to each important aspect of the post-war economic situation.

LABOUR AND DEMOBILISATION.—Prof. S. K. Rudra, Dr. L. C. Jain and Dr. Radha Kamal Mukerjee.

PUBLIC WORKS AND GOVERNMENT PURCHASES: Dr. J. P. Niyogi, Dr. P J Thomas, Dr. B. V. Narayanaswami Naidu and Prof. V. L. D'Souza.

TRADE AND TARIFFS:—Dr. Gyan K. Chand, Principal J. W. Thomas and Dr. H. L. Dey.

INDUSTRY:—Prof. C. N. Vakil, Dr. P. S. Lokanathan, Dr. R. Balakrishna and Dr. Gyan Chand.

AGRICULTURE:— Dr. Radha Kamal Mukerjee, Dr. B. R. Misra and Dr. A. I. Qureshi.

FINANCE (INCLUDING CURRENCY AND EXCHANGE):—Dr. V. K. R. V. Rao, Mr B P. Adarkar, Dr. J. P. Niyogi and Dr. L. C. Jain.

The Sub-Committees will be presided over by Dr. T. E. Gregory, Economic Adviser to the Government of India. The reports of these Sub-Committees will be submitted to the next plenary meeting of the Consultative Committee of Economists which is expected to be held early in 1942.

REVIEW INCOME-TAX CASES

(Continued from Page 4.)

fits Tax Acts as a general principle.

"NO LOGIC IN IT"

Sir Jeremy Raisman declared he could see no logic or equity in the proposal that only those transactions should be disallowed whose sole object was reduction or avoidance of liability to the Tax. The proposal, he said, could only be justified on the assumption that the interests of the community at large or of the treasury had no importance whatever in comparison with facilities which should be given to the tax-payer to reduce his liability.

As for the demand for an assurance on the floor of the House that the provisions of the Clause in the bill relating to reduction or avoidance of tax liability would not be applied without the previous approval of the Central Board of Revenue, the Finance Member reiterated the statement made in the Assembly that it was Government's intention that in practice cases of this kind would come to headquarters. He would not put that on the basis of an assurance. It was a statement of intention and practice. Instructions to that effect had in fact, he understood, been issued or were about to be issued.

Mr. Askuran: Then why not give the assurance?

RAISMAN'S FEAR

Sir Jeremy Raisman said it was because he did not want to be involved in arguments about breach of faith or things of that kind. He would merely state it was their intention that in order to keep the administration of this important Clause on right lines, the examination of these cases should be made at headquarters.

As regards "killing the goose that laid golden eggs", the Finance Member reminded the House that it was very important from Government's point of view that the golden eggs must come into the right basket. Since four out of five of the golden eggs now belonged to the exchequer, it was highly important that Government should see that they were not mislaid (laughter).

TAXATION ON RAILWAY PROPERTY

The bill was passed, as also the bill further to regulate the extent to which Railway property shall be liable to taxation imposed by an authority within a province. The bill further to amend the Indian Companies Act and the bill to amend the Trade Marks Act all as passed by the Assembly.

The Council adjourned till tomorrow.—A. P.

To help tide over the period of scarcity in the Kolaba District, an additional grant of Rs. 8,000 has been placed by the Government at the disposal of the Collector for rural development purposes.

Textile Crisis In Ahmedabad

70,000 Workers Favour General Strike Move

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, November 19.

About 70,000 workers have voted in favour of a General Strike in 85 meetings held by the Majur Mahajan in Mill areas for propaganda.

It is learnt 16th December will be fixed as the date for the General strike by the Mahajan.

About 4,000 volunteers have been enrolled uptil now for vigilance work during the strike.

NIGHT SHIFT EXTENSION CANCELLED

But 16,000 Workers Still On Strike

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The strike situation in the city mill area still continues nearly 16,000 operatives having downed tools.

Seeing the situation take a grave turn the authorities of nearly 40 working mills have put up notices to the effect that the recently introduced extension of night-shifts by an hour is being cancelled.

The workers of the Madhusudan, Century, and the Victora Mills, who are still on strike, have demanded the restoration of the pay-cut introduced by the authorities nearly two years back.

A few workers of the Shreeram Mills have also joined the strike.

Police vigilance in the mill areas still continues to be strict.

MILL STRIKE AVERTED

Dearness Allowance Granted

(From Our Correspondent).

BROACH: November 17.

As a result of negotiations between the Labour Officer and the agents of the Gopal Mills Ltd. the agents have agreed to pay the dearness allowance to workers on the following scale:—From March to September Rs. 2/7 per mensem. From September onwards Rs. 3 per mensem.

It may be mentioned that at their meeting held last week, the workers had resolved to go on strike from Monday (17th inst.) Now that their demand for dearness allowance is granted the workers have decided not to go on strike.

MAIL PEON ROBBED

LUCKNOW, Nov. 19.

A mail peon carrying three mail bags from Khalilabad Post Office to the Railway Station (Basti District) was seriously injured and robbed of all mail bags last night by a gang of armed dacoits.

The bags, it is reported, contained insured covers.—A. P.

WINTER MEETING THIRD DAY

Handicaps For Saturday's Races

The following are the handicaps for the Third Day of the Bombay First Winter Meeting, to be held on Saturday, November 22:—

CHEVELEY HANDICAP—Distance 6 furlongs: National Flag 9/4, All Alone 9/0, Scotland For Ever 8/6, Moot Law 8/4, Harlem 8/2, Engaged 8/2, Dancing Comet 8/2, Old Reliance 8/0, Lothric 7/9, Hot Bun II 7/9, Gay Spaniard 7/9, Eyrefield 7/4.

WAVERTREE HANDICAP—Distance 1 mile, 1 furlong: Glory of Kolhapur 9/4, Monocle 9/0, Ballinahown 9/0, Royal Romance 8/13, Moradabad 8/13, Cavalier 8/9, Avon Song 8/9, Cobalt 8/7, Carabas 8/7, Torch Royal 8/7, Shalivahan 8/5, Glenprosen 8/0, Retort 7/9, Monte Carlo 7/9.

STOCKTON PLATE—Distance 6 furlongs: Fortunate Lad 9/4, Gipsy Girl 9/4, Snow White (late Snow Way) 8/13, Little Tim 8/12, Misty Island 8/11, Spun Glass 8/11, Lights On 8/9, The Streamer 8/9, Desert Sunrise 8/8, Mormon 8/8, Right Bet 8/8, Gone With The Wind 8/6, Lady In Red 8/6, Albertine 8/5, Clarify 8/3, Ginger Boy 8/3, Holly Garth 8/3, Um Colsoom 8/2, So That's That 8/2, Chitor 8/2, Nanlee 7/13, Royal Opera 7/9, Lord Byron 7/9, Bastion 7/7, Black Magic 7/7, Marina 7/7.

LUCKNOW PLATE—Distance 1 mile, 1 furlong: Gipsy Song 9/4, Winiad 9/4, Brelan 9/0, American Beauty 8/11, Spotlight 8/11, Anarbala 8/7, Kirit 8/7, Cash Book 8/7 Valentia Jinks 8/0, Gold Gainer 7/12, Ecstasy 7/7, Master Mint 7/7, Virmati II 7/7.

PURANDHAR PLATE (Div. I)—Distance 7 furlongs: Tyrian Queen 9/2, Dry Sherry 9/2, Marengo 9/0, Can Can 9/0, Ishtay 8/13, King's Wine 8/13, Countess Nil 8/12, Pay Master 8/12, Trusty 8/11, Bay Nazir 8/11, Princess Best 8/9, Playwright 8/9, Baltoi 8/7, Prominent 8/6, Star Act 8/6, Tyrant 8/4 Money Gold 8/2, Humpty Dumpty 8/0, Pomp 7/13, Rose Apple 7/11, First Choice 7/11, What's Yours 7/11, Scottish Star 7/11, Rubicon 7/9, Pratap 7/9.

PURANDHAR PLATE (Div. II)—Distance 7 furlongs.

No Wonder 9/4, Right Royal 9/0, Flower of Gwalior 8/12, Pista Badam 8/11, Diana 8/9, Savoyard 8/9, Eminent 8/8, Well Masked 8/8, Queen of Sheeba 8/8, Excellent 8/7, Masked Raider 8/4, Bell Act 8/4, Suzanne 8/4, Scotch Mist 8/4, Panorama 8/4, Tyranny 8/4, Beven Boy 8/2, Blue Belle 8/2, Mohanmala 8/2, Rose of Baroda 8/2, Mexican Mini 8/2, Sit Fast 8/0, Gay Monarch 8/0, Farida 8/0.

CURSETJEE DHUNJISHAW PLATE (Div. I):—Distance 6 furlongs Snapper 9/2, Can You 9/2, Mikhif Jabir 9/0, King Hilal 8/13, Kolhapur 8/13, Nalini II 8/7, Reformer 8/7 Metro 8/5, Astafer Ailah 8/4, Lu'ayb 8/2, Zafar Pasha 8/2, Sallal Pasha 7/11, Mushtaq Naim 7/11, Walk over 7/9.

CURSETJEE DHUNJISHAW PLATE (Div. II)Distance 6 furlongs.

Marshal 9/4, Aneed 9/0, Kutaiba 8/9, Zahir 8/7, Great Star 8/5, Kaid Saoud 8/5, Sabhan Hamid 8/2, Star of Kashmir 8/2, Batal al Iraq 8/2, Rabie al Khair 8/2, Lala 8/0, Al Munjid 7/11, Talli al Iraq 7/11.

HAMADAN Plate—Distance 1 1/4 miles. Sheriff 9/0, Prince Faisal 8/12, Said ul Muluk 8/12, Ushama 8/8, Qa'id al Furat 8/4, Hatim Tay 8/4, Anid al Iraq 8/4, Prince Mahmud 7/11, Prince Suri (late Madfa's Dhaman) 7/7.

The above race will be ridden by Half Jockeys, Riding Boys and apprentice Jockeys. Half Jockeys and Riding Boy will ride on even terms, and apprentice Jockeys who have not ridden 5 winners will be allowed 7 lbs.

Coal Strike Will Fizzle Out If Army Enters Mines

Roosevelt Out To See Strikes Do Not Impede Defence Production: Willkie Calls For New Deal To Labour

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.

President Roosevelt will probably withhold action in the "captive" mines coal strike until the Congress of Industrial Organisations Convention at Detroit ends, according to an authoritative source.

It is learned that 50,000 troops are being held in readiness to work the mines if the deadlock continues and the President decides to use the Army if necessary.

"Roosevelt Out For Vigorous Policy"

President Roosevelt is reported to be ready to exert the full power of Government to get coal production resumed. Persons close to Whitehouse said that the President was convinced that the time had come for Government to put into effect a vigorous policy towards all strikes which impede defence production. One reliable informant stated that the President is losing patience and is getting ready to crack down hard on Lewis or anyone else who holds up Defence production.

NEW YORK:—Leading army men in charge of the preparations for the occupation of mines express their opinion that, if soldiers were ordered into the mines, 75 per cent of the strikers would return voluntarily on patriotic grounds and the other 25 per cent would dribble back in a few weeks.

One officer said that plans to occupy mines were complete yesterday and provided for troops equipped with usual arms, but no tanks and artillery "as the army will move in as a friend not an enemy of the workers to assure them of peaceful continuance of work".

The allegation that the Roosevelt Administration had failed to announce a clear and open policy for labour was made by Mr. Wendell Willkie in a speech here. He suggested that labour should be given a share in responsibility and policy making of government.—Reuter.

Partial Strike In Steel Works Likely

PITTSBURG (Pennsylvania), Nov. 18.

Officials of the Carnegie (Illinois) Steel Corporation announced, "It will probably be necessary to stop operations at six blast furnaces" within the next 48 hours because of impending coal shortages.

The officials stated that the closing of the blast furnaces would reduce the rate of ingot production by about ten per cent adding, "This rate may be continued for a week or more, depending on conditions. Subsequent operations will depend upon the amount of coal mined."

U. S. ARMY PROJECTED EXPANSION

President's Request For $7,000 Millions

WASHINGTON, November 18.

President Roosevelt's request yesterday for about 7,000 million dollars for the army did not imply the formation of another American expeditionary force. Members of the House of Representatives' appropriations sub-committee state that they have received this assurance.

It is reported that General Marshall, who was the first witness before the sub-committee said that no major expansion of the army is involved, but mentioned a projected expansion of the army and air corps from 54 to 84 groups.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES' PLEDGE?

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.

"No American Expeditionary Force abroad" may be the pledge of Republican candidates for the House of Representatives next November if America is not in war, Senator Taft told newsmen. He declared that the close Congressional votes on foreign policy issues demonstrated that there was a great deal of sentiment against sending soldiers to fight overseas. He said that it was entirely possible that Republicans might thus capture control of the House. Senator Nye, commenting on Senator Taft's statement said that Republican chances depended on getting rid of Mr. Willkie.

U. S. CONGRESS AID RESOLUTION

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.

The Congress for Industrial Organisation unanimously passed the resolution supporting the policy of aid for Britain, Russia and China. The Congress of industrial organisation passed the resolution after four hours' discussion. The resolution was adopted by a "Standing" vote which was called unanimous, although most of the delegates were representing the united mineworkers and united construction workers.—Reuter.

Roosevelt's Appeal To Steel Workers

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.

President Roosevelt has appealed to the executives of steel companies and the Mine Workers' Union to maintain the status quo as regards closed shop issue for the duration of the national emergency or to submit to arbitration with an agreement in advance to accept any decision thus reached.

HOOVER AGAINST DESPATCH OF TROOPS

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.

Describing the European war as "literally a stalemate" ex-President Mr. Herbert Hoover in a broadcast here this evening opposed the sending of United States troops to Europe. This, Mr. Hoover contended, would be a "futile waste of American life."

Asserting that the great majority of Americans were opposed to sending armies to Europe and Africa, the ex-President demanded that Congress should expose the attempts at the artificial conditioning of the American mind for war."—Reuter.

SIR JOHN ANDERSON TO SUCCEED CHURCHILL?

Most significant rumour to come out of England last week was that the 1942 Committee—an arch-Tory, superdiscussion, trend-sniffing, policy-pushing group—had met and voted on the ticklish question of the most desirable successor to Prime Minister Churchill.

Passed over were Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden, who broke with the Chamberlain "appeasement" Government, and dynamic but capricious Minister of State Lord Beaverbrook. Two votes went to longtime Party Whip Captain David Margesson. Secretary of War.

The overwhelming winner was steely, efficient, ruthless Sir John Anderson—who after World War I headed the Black and Tan suppression of Irish revolt, who helped Stanley Baldwin's Government break the 1926 general strike, who later, as Governor of Bengal, gained the reputation for brutality in handling India's malcontents.—"Time" (New York).

Commons Compliment Speaker

LONDON, Nov. 19.

The House of Commons to-day devoted half an hour to compliment the Speaker, Capt. Fitzroy, on the occasion of his golden wedding anniversary.

Very warm tributes were paid by all sections of the House to the manner which Capt. Fitzroy had discharged his duties and he was congratulated on being the first speaker of the House of Commons to celebrate his golden wedding during his term of office.—Reuter.

NO ABOLITION OF NIGHT BOMBING

LONDON, Nov. 19.

Government are not prepared to entertain any proposal for the abolition of night bombing, declared the Secretary of State for Air, Sir Archibald Sinclair, in the House of Commons to-day, when asked whether he had considered the petition sent by a committee for the abolition of night bombing.—Reuter.

One Seaman Killed In 'Ark Royal' Disaster

LONDON, Nov. 19.

The Admiralty announces that the complete casualties in the "Ark Royal" was one seaman killed, and one rating seriously injured.—Reuter.

"The Angel Who Wanted To Pawn Her Wings!"

You might call it a fantasy. But we believe that this brilliant short story, by a refugee from Hitler's terror, is as timely as to-day's news, warmly human and dramatically suspenseful

in the next Sunday Edition of

The Bombay Chronicle

SUNDAY, NOV. 23.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

The American Women's Club is organising a Toy Festival and Cocktail Dance on Thursday 27th November, (5 to 10 p.m.) which I feel ought to be very well attended. I write about the American Women's Club with some trepidation as I now do whenever writing on Canteens, Women's Clubs and organizations with which women are directly or remotely connected. Also, as in the case of the American Women's Club, I have always learnt to expect so much from them that I usually keep the words for after the party (except last year when...well never mind. Apparently I'm honourably forgiven in view of an official invitation I've received).

* * *

This Club has always fascinated me, partly because it is elusive and partly because any Club of American Women is bound to be fascinating as compared with a "Dowagers' Association", for instance, or a "Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Wives." The American Women's Club has always struck a different note. Founded in August 1928 (note the thoroughness of my research) and accepted into membership of the General Federation of Women's Club of America in July 1930, this Club has as its objects:

(1) "The development of its members along educational lines". (Ambiguous but impressive).

(2) "The promotion of social welfare". (Praiseworthy).

(3) "The promotion of sociability and development of friendly spirit. (Hardly necessary wherever there are America women).

For the last thirteen years the Club has held an Annual Tea Dance, the proceeds of which have gone to charities. I have attended at least four of these "tea dances" and can say with confidence that three at least were first-rate parties, such as one seldom gets in India.

* * *

The Toy Festival is not the equavalent of the Annual show. It is an extra effort the proceeds of which go to the War Fund. Part of the aid to Britain movement? Here at the Toy Festival, Christmas toys primarily for children will be offered for sale. Numbered among the variety toys are stuffed dogs, donkies and humpty dumpties. So if any particularly appreciative admirer of the Half-Column thinks any toy suitable for me, I'll play child for the occasion. There'll also be scrap books, wooden horses and Red Cross kits and doll's furniture. A beautifully dressed doll will be auctioned. Two more will be raffled. I hear these dolls are dressed complete with accessories, which, of course, doesn't mean much these hot days, judging from American women round town!

That is roughly what the Toy Festival is going to be like. But, believe me, if I am going to it, as I think I am, it's not for the toys. It's a tea affair, tea being served as it usually is at American Women's show right up to and after dinner. Nice people, these Americans. They've learnt the art of living.

* * *

Extract from "Current Topics" in yesterday's "Times of India".

"There are four gossip writers on the staff of a New York paper. It is considered unlikely that a fifth columnist will be engaged."

That's alright, because one can always come out to India and be employed as a fifth columnist on papers that haven't got the first four.

* * *

Strange A.R.P. notice found hanging somewhere at the Taj:

A. R. P.
FORT SOUTH
THIS REPRESENTS
2 INCENDIARY BOMBS
NO CASUALTIES.
BUILDING ON FIRE.
NO DAMAGE TO MAINS
NO SERVICES PRESENT.

Could this be A.R.P. Warden Sabavala's mystic composition?

December 2nd

Free French Ball

BOOK AT THE TAJ.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 19.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/57 Loan 98-2
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 96-0
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 99-13
3 per cent 1849/52 Loan 100-0
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 103-4
4 per cent 196/70 Loan 111-0
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 103-13
3 per cent War Bonds 102-0
4 1/2 per cent 1955 Loan 114-12

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 111-0
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 116-0
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 127-8

CORPORATION DEBENTURE

4 per cent B P T 1947 111-8
4 per cent M Deb 1947 110-8
5 per cent M Deb 1965 116-8
6 per cent M Deb 1964 129-0
6 per cntz K P T 1956 1229-8

Trend: Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, November 19

LONDON :—
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 104 2 months
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 9/32 Three months.
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 9/32 Four months.
B C RATES :—
T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32; D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32; D D 1/6 1/8
NEW YORK :—
Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4; D D Rs. 332 3/4.
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2; D D Rs. 328 1/2
Cross Rates Dol. 4.02 1/2; 3 1/2.
MONTREAL :—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2; D D Rs. 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 1/4; D D Rs. 295 3/4
Cross Rates Dol. 4.43/47.
JAVA :—
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 56
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 57 1/2
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62.
JAPAN :—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting.
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting.
Cross Rates Sh. 1/2 1/2.
BERNE :—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil.
Banks sbuying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil.
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40.
STOCKHOLM :—
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 16.85/95.
SINGAPORE :—
Banks selling T T Rs. 158; D D Rs. 158
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 155
Cross Rates Sh. 2/4 5/32 7/32
HONGKONG :—
Banks selling T T Rs. 85 1/4; D D Rs. 84 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs. 81 1/2.
Cross Rates Sh. 1/3 1/32
SHANGHAI :— Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting.
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting.
Cross Rates Sh. 0-3 3/16
MEXICO :—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pec. 19.5 21.5.
LISBON :—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom; D D Esc 7.35 nom.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rates Esc 99.80 100.20
NEW YORK :—
Cross Rate Dol 4.03 3/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange :—Steady.
Gold £8/8/0 Ready.
New York Silver 34.3/4
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 1/2 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money :—Call unquoted
1 to 2 months 1/4 per cent.
3 to 5 months 1/2 per cent.
6 months 3/4 per cent.
Tone :—Very easy.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, November 18

T T London on :—

New York	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
Madrid	40.50
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Berne	17.30/17.40
Stockholm	16.85/16.95

COTTON TEJI MANDI.

Bombay, November 19

Monthly tejimandi for cotton Broach A/M is Rs. 18/4 Rs. 10 off is Rs. 6 Rs. 15 off is Rs. 14/8 and Rs. 20 off is Rs. 3/8.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, November 19

Fine White Java sugar per cwt :—
Java ready from Bond Rs. 14-12-0
African from Bond Rs. 13-8-0
Shipment June Rs. 10-8-0 F B H
Shipment September Rs. 10-4-0 F B H
Indian sugars ready :—
Ready (ordinary) Rs. 15-4-0 to 15-12-0
Ready (large grain) Rs. 16-0-0 to 17-0-0
Tone :—Steady.

LONDON SILVER

London, November 18

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD

London, November 18

Gold Bars Fine per oz £8-8-0

LONDON SEEDS

London, November 18

Rozario Santa Fe	22
Barletta Russo	22
South Australian	27/6

LONDON RUBBER

London, November 18

London smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb unquoted

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London, November 18

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£92
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£99 3/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£82 5/16
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£106 5/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£104 11/16
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/1990	£114 3/8
Victory bonds 4 per cent	£113 7/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£9 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	£77
National Bank of India	£36

P. SINGHANIA ELECTED.

NEW DELHI : Nov. 19.

On the invitation of the Government of India, the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, in consultation with its member-bodies, has elected Lala Padampat Singhania, Cawnpore, as its representative to attend the 13th Industries Conference.—A. P.

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC AGENCIES

Total Units Generated

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for the Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd., and The Tata Power Company, Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations of the Hydro Group and purchased from the Chola Steam Station were as follows :—

46th Week (ended November 15th)

1939	11,970,360
1940	16,474,200
1941	19,539,650
(Hydro & Chola)	
Total for 46 Weeks (1st January to date)	
1939	610,947,700
1940	671,718,900
1941	863,986,880

London Stock Exchange

London, November 18

Stock Exchange firm with some expansion interest especially selective Kaffir dividend payers which responded. Cape local support and industrials where Breweries stores Tobaccos good, whilst Courtaulds jumped two shillings to thirty-six shillings six pence following Chancellor's announcement. Viscose payment being submitted arbitration. Giltedged little changed home rails shippings firmer, oils quiet, Brazilian bonds easier, Japbonds lost upto two and half, Diamonds encountered profit-taking. Wall Street quiet.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay : November 19.

Yarn No.	December	February	April
6 1/2s	223	224	225N
10 1/2s	248	249	250N
20 1/2s	398	388	383
40s	560	565	570N

WALL-STREET MARKET.

New York, November 18

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing New York Stock Exchange quotations.

	Dollars.
Electric Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd	57 3/4
Electric Power and Lt Pfd	36 3/8
American Telephone and Telegraph	148 5/8
Western Union Telegraph	28 5/8
New York Central R R	9 3/8
New York Central and Hudson River R R 5 per cent 2013	53 1/2
Union Pacific	68 1/2
N Y Chicago and St. Louis 6 per cent Pfd	43 1/2
U S Steel	61 1/2 XD
Bethlehem Steel	57 3/4
Crucible Steel	36 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	26 1/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	25 5/8
Chrysler Motors	52 3/4
General Motors	36 7/8
Eaton Manufacturing	29 3/4
Dupont de Nemours	145 1/2
Sears Roebuck	65 1/8
Consolidated Oil	6
Socony	10
National City Bank of New York	23 1/2
Australia 5 per cent 1955	72 1/4

Stocks probably already discounted in good measure unfavourable factors which are receiving much emphasis currently.

SHIPPING NEWS.

IMPORTS

Bombay : Nov. 19.

660 nongs rubber pneum tyres, 1120 bags manure, 115 cyl anhydrous ammonia, 140 dms Glucose, 111 rolls cotton cord tyre fabrics, 800 reels galvd bare wire, 47 ctns photograph lamps, 220 dms fused zinc chloride 49 brls Formaldehyde, 93 cases unexposed motion picture film, 85 pkgs sun goggles, 347 bdls angles, 75 bdls steel hoops, 50 pcs boiler tubes, 126 bxs welded bicycle tubing (steel) 214 bags nails, 292 pkgs prtg ink, 152 cases prtg paper, 200 coils wire, 1600 reels galvd barb wire, 80 bdls steel angles, 74 cts elect fans, 1128 pcs black wrought steel tubes, 503 coils plain copper wire, 312 pcs galvd steel tubes, 402 bdls black pipe, 427 pcs black pipe, 782 pcs galvd pipe, 1196 bdls galvd pipe, 56 pkgs pharmaceutical products, 48 cases whole bottle caps, 300 bags corn sugar, 41 bdls steel shapting bars 262 pkgs machinery and parts, 1200 bags powdered Glucose, 376 dms analine colours, 60 B/bls sodium aluminium, 314 pkgs dyestuffs, 37 dms sodium sulphide, 302 rolls card board, 207 bags bolts and nuts, 322 boxes insulated copper wire, 344 brls glacial acetic acid, 293 bdls news print in sheets.

EXPORTS

Bombay : Nov. 19.

150 bales raw cotton Kotak and Co; 1752 bales cotton pcegoods The Bombay Dyeing and Mfg Co Ltd; 3259 bags groundnut oil cake expeller H Mantri and Co; 620 bags coriander seeds Eastern Export Co; 530 bags dry ginger Eastern Export Co; 134 bags coriander seeds M Shethna and Co; 93 bags turmeric M Shethna and Co; 125 bags coriander seeds H Bhagwandas and Co; 124 bags turmeric H Bhagwandas and Co; 56 bags turmeric H K Kesharwalla; 21 bags jardaloo Hebatbhoy Abdeali; 21 cases aloes Hebatbhoy Abdeali; 20 bags gum S D Bharsi; 94 bags gum M Shethna and Co; 27 bgs gum H K Kesharwalla; 154 bls cotton pcegoods Chinoobhai and Bros; 500 bags soapstone Shaw Wallace and Co; 48 bls cotton pcegoods M A Mallick and Co; 47 bls cotton pcegoods Fleming Shaw and Co Ltd; 337 bls cotton pcegoods Manekji and Co; 45 bls cotton pcegoods David Sassoon and Co Ltd; 24 bls cotton tiedings David Sassoon and Co Ltd; 36 bls cotton pcegoods K Vishram and Sons; 88 bls cotton pcegoods Argon and Co; 80 bls cotton pcegoods Cox and Kings (Agts) Ltd; 1500 tons manganese ore Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 75 bls cotton grey yarn East and West Agencies; 23 bls cotton pcegoods Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd; 628 bls cotton waste clean Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd; 100 bls cotton twist waste Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd; 77 bls cotton twist waste Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd; 17 bls cotton pcegoods The Morarji Goculdas Spg and Wvg Co Ltd 100 cases cotton yarns Pan Asiatic Overseas Co Ltd.

Indian Co-operative Navigation And Trading Co.

Thirty-third ordinary general meeting of the Indian Co-operative Navigation and Trading Company Ltd., was held on Wednesday evening at Scindia House when Mr. Walchand Hirachand Chairman of the Company presided.

After providing the sum of Rs. 152,000 as depreciation, the working of the Company during the year under review shows a profit of Rs. 6,644-5-5. In response to the representations of the Company the lender has given substantial relief by writing off Rs. 6,00,000 out of the debt. The ships of the Company which were commandeered when the war broke out by the Government of India are still with them. The Company has therefore not been able to revive its important services of the Konkan run. The earnings, however, from the Harbour Line showed improvement over those of the previous year.

The report was then adopted.

NEW YORK COTTON UNCHANGED

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

MARCH

New York : November 19.

Previous closing	16.26
To-day's opening	16.34
Difference	+8
To-day's closing	16.26
Difference	nil

BROACH EXPECTATION.

Broach April/May Rs. 238/8

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York : November 19.

New York cotton exhibited improved sentiment which induced fairly local and trade support but the uncertainty over coal strike situation continues to hamper operations.

Trading in March began at 16.34, i.e., 8 points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on trade and local purchases while outside support also appeared, subsequently trading subsided.

Following are the New York opening ranges :—

December (16.02/02) 16.10/10
March (16.23/22) 16.34/32
May (16.26/26) 16.35/35

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London : November 19.

SEEDS

Castorseeds November/December (£20 1/4 quoted) £20 1/4 quoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta November/December (£20/1/4 quoted) £20 1/4 quoted
Linseed La Plata November (£13 1/4 quoted) £13 1/4 quoted
Groundnut Coromandal Coast Nov/Dec (£19 quoted) £19 quoted

JUTES

Dundee October/November unquoted
Lightning October/November unquoted

RUBBER

Spot unquoted
Forward December unquoted

LONDON METALS

Tin (£256 3/4 buyers, £257 sellers. Quiet) £257 1/4 buyers, £257 1/2 sellers. Steadier.
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 2 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London : November 19.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 3/8

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London : November 19.

5 per cent 1958/68 £104 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £82 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £106 9/16
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £99 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan £114 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £104 9/16
New York Loan £101 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £113 7/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 15-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 38-7
Electric Music Industry 14-6
Princhin Johnson 22-9
Imperial Chemical 33-1
Woolsworth New Ordinary 60-7
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £74
Dundee 38-1
Unilever Ordinary 27-4
Ford Motors 24-6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £71
British American Tobacco Ordinary £5
Carreas 'A' £5 11/16
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 17/32
P and O Def 30-0
Distillers 73-3
Bredfords Dye 8-0
British Celanese 7-0
J and P Coates 37-7
Courtaulds Ordinary 36-0
Fine Cotton Spinners 5-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary 17-7
Inter Nickel dol 42 1/4
Indian Iron 53-9

TEA SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber 18-1
Donaro Tea 32-6
Empire of India 20-0

JUTE

Barnagore £7

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Kubber 17-0
Gula Kelampoug 15-7
Rubber Plant Inv Trust 28-4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 17-9
Burma Corporation 6-7
Rio Tintos £7 1/4
East Rand Properties £2 3/16
Rand Mines £7 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown £10 5/8
Associated Portland Cement 50-0
Trinidad Leasehold 70
Sub Nigel £7 9/16
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 3/32
Union Corporation 155-0

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 34-4
Anglo India 43-1
Burma Oil £3
Mexican Eagle 12-0
Shell Transport £2 27/32
Royal Dutch £23

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £42
London Midland Ordinary £15 3/4
London North Eastern Def £1 11/16.
London Southern Defd £13 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent £128 1/2
London Transport £41

New York Stock Exchange

New York : November 19.

The following are opening quotations :—
General Motors (dol 36 7/8) dol 36 7/8
Anaconda Copper (dol 26 1/4) dol 25 1/4
U S Steel Corporation Common (dol 51½ ex-div) dol 51 1/2
U S Steel Pref (dol 116) unquoted.

Late Lady Ebrahim Haroon Jaffar

(From A Correspondent.)

POONA, Nov 16.

Lady Hawabai Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer widow of the late Hon. Sir Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer died here at 1-30 this morning at her residence "Ebrahim Manzil" after a brief illness. Of late she was staying at her estate at Panchgani and as she became very ill she was brought to Poona, but in spite of the best medical treatment, she expired in the early hours of this morning.

The funeral this afternoon was very largely attended by people of all castes and communities. Amongst those who attended the funeral and those who called at the residence included Sir Ishwardas Lukhmidas, Sardar K B. Pudumjee, Mr. Moodli Mr. K H. Vakil, Mr. T K. Mody, Mr. W J. Castellino, Khan Bahadur S Jan Mahomed, Khan Bahadur Mahomed Hidayatulla, Mr. J. M. Peerzade, D.S.P. Surat, Mr N. D Nagarwal and others.

She leaves behind a large number of friends and relations to mourn her loss.

An earthquake shock of great intensity at its origin 3750 miles away was recorded by the Bombay seismographs at 10-26 p.m. (I.S.T.) on Tuesday.—A. P.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.

T T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York : November 19.

Previous closing 4.03 3/4
To-day's opening 4.03 3/4

T T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London : November 19.

Previous closing 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON GOLD

London : November 19.

London Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON SILVER

London : November 19.

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil.

CROSS RATES.

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-5
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.35) 30.35
London on Shanghai (0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16) 0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16
London on Kobe not quoted

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay : November 19.

There was no trading during night session.

How Trouble Arose In Bandra Church

An echo of the tempestuous scenes which took place in the Church of Mount Carmel, Bandra, on Palm Sunday last was heard in the Court of Mr. R. D. Modi, First Class City Magistrate, Bandra, when the case filed by Fr. Pimenta, Assistant Parish Priest, against Andrew Namorim, Joseph M. Uthankar and nine others, all members of the fisher-community, came up for hearing on Tuesday afternoon.

The accused who consist of some highly placed Government officials are charged with rioting, disturbing religious worship and assaulting a public servant.

A complaint was lodged before the police by Rev. Fr. Pimenta and eleven persons were arrested on April 16 last.

Police Prosecutor Dole conducted the prosecution and Mr. A. R. Nargolkar, appeared for the accused.

Father Pimenta's Evidence

In continuation of his cross-examination by Mr. Nargolkar Counsel for the defence, Fr. Pimenta, stated: "The Committee of wardens was not functioning from May, 1939. The Archbishop dissolved that body. I do not know why it was dissolved. In 1939 Rev. Fr. Gomes was the parish priest. I do not know whether the body was dissolved at Fr. Gomes' suggestion.

"The Committee of Wardens did say at that time that Fr. Gomes refused to render accounts to the Committee as he wished to hide the misappropriation.

"The accounts were not rendered to the Committee by Fr. Gomes, as they were not competent to demand for those particular accounts. The accounts to which they were not entitled consisted of the subscriptions collected from the parishioners and the account of the Cocoanut groves. These two items are not considered as the income of the Church.

At this stage the case was adjourned to December 12 as the court rose for the day.

City Students To Protest Against Govt. Law College Action

"The Executive Committee of the Bombay Students' Union has passed the following resolution:

Mr. C. B. Shah, the General Secretary, of the Bombay Students' Union has been refused readmission into the Government Law College.

This step has been taken against him for having signed the leaflet which called upon the students of Bombay to go on general strike on the day after the Convocation Day.

The offensive of the educational authorities is an attempt to suppress our elementary rights and must be effectively answered. We call upon the students of Bombay to observe Anti-Victimisation day on Friday

Let the students assert their rights by making the Anti-Victimisation Day a great success.

A mass meeting of students will be held on Chowpatti on Friday at 6 p.m. to culminate the demonstrations of the Anti-Victimisation Day."

REWARD
Rs. 5,000
You Can Be
YOUNG
IN 24 HOURS

"EVERSHINE" is a unique scientific invention brought to light in the history of the Medical Science. The strongest, and the most active never failing remedy for:—Loss of Vigour, Low Vitality, Loss of Appetite, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness Impure Blood, Break-down, Depression, Insomnia, Giddiness, Bloodlessness, Premature Old Age, High Blood Pressure, General Debility, Chronic Anaemia, Mental and Physical Exhaustion, etc. It ensures a rapid increase in weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. It makes a man look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than his actual age and gives a surprising increase in vitality and energy within the first 24 to 48 hours. Thousands of patients throughout every part of the world have been radically cured.

The first dose of medicine acts on the human body like a spark of electric current. It makes appetite so keen, that even a weak man can easily digest one pound or more of Ghee (Butter) every day. Great Scientists and experienced Doctors have been astonished and amazed to see the results given by EVERSHINE. No wonder if you also use it and be one of the admirers of this preparation and thus become a national and life saver of the country. The miraculous effects of EVERSHINE have well been tried in SWITZERLAND before placing into the market. You risk no money in putting EVERSHINE to the test. Simply get a Phial from us. Start taking it immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Before starting the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror, and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking EVERSHINE.

It makes astonishing improvement in skinny shape. The Roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100%. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in childhood when your skin was smooth and fresh. Weak and Run-down shot back to youthful Vigour and Vitality as if at 25. EVERSHINE makes you feel and look many years younger than the actual age and extraordinary strong and Vigorous with full Vital force and driving energy and square-built body. EVERSHINE keeps ever young, ever healthy. Females with faded charms and wrinkled face regain their School girl Complexion with a well built body. Lighter, brighter, luckier days are in store for man and woman who starts using EVERSHINE. To popularise this medicine in India we have fixed Rs. 3/- per phial for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 15/- will be charged. Chances for such wonders occur rarely in life. Order to-day, for to-morrow may be too late.

NOTE:—A cash Reward of Rs. 5,000/- shall be awarded to any Scientist or Medical Man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention.

EVERSHINE is useful for all Climates and Seasons and can be taken by both Males and Females of all ages.

The Royal Chamber Of Science

P. O. Box No. 82, CALCUTTA.

MUTT AND JEFF—It All Comes Under the Heading of Kitchen Police — By BUD FISHER

LISTEN, I'VE BEEN IN THE ARMY BEFORE! I KNOW THE ROPES! JUST DO AS I DO AND YOU'LL HAVE AN EASY LIFE!
I HOPE!
ANY OF YOU BOYS KNOW ANYTHING ABOUT SHORTHAND?
I DO, SIR!
I DO SIR!
O.K! WE'RE SHORTHANDED IN THE MESS QUARTERS! THE COOK WILL TELL YOU WHAT TO DO!
?
MESS QUARTERS
Fisher

TRADE SUPPORT ON N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

Scarcity Of Offerings But Political Uncertainties Make Buyers Indifferent

SOUTHERN AND SPOT HOUSE SELLING

BOMBAY, November 19.

On Tuesday the New York cotton market was very steady with trade support. Political uncertainties make buyers different, otherwise offerings are scarce.

There is strong resistance around 16.15 for March on the New York Cotton Exchange where selling dries up when prices recede to this level. It is true that political uncertainties, labour situation and Japanese tension are discouraging buyers but scarcity of contracts is expected to tell on prices eventually. Large demand for cloth will help record consumption and as soon as final decision is taken on the price control there will be increased demand.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened quiet with Spot house and southern selling which met Mill price-fixing, scattered commission house buying and short covering on the steadiness of outside market with activity chiefly transferring December to forward months. Offerings were scarce but political uncertainties make buyers indifferent with textile markets slacker with weather favouring picking of remnants of the American cotton crop.

At the opening, March was quoted 4 points down at 16.22 and declined to 16.20 which was the lowest level. Subsequently there was improved demand and March rose to 16.31 which was the highest level reached at noon. In the afternoon the market was irregular and finally closed at a net of 5 points to a decline of 7 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 7 points at 17.23c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a rise of 2 points to a decline of 5 points. Spot cotton was unchanged at 16.36c. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (11-50 a.m.) ..... 16.31+05

New York March lowest (10-37 a.m.) ..... 16.30—06

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Market early declined on hedge selling and later improved on trade support. Closed quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, November 18

December	16.06+01
January	16.07+01
March	16.26
May	16.32+04
July	16.29+06
October	16.22—07
Middling Spot	17.23+07

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, November 18

December	16.07—05
January	16.10—06
March	16.31
May	16.35
July	16.32+02
October	16.45
Middling Spot	16.36

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, November 18
Noon call

December	16.07
March	16.29

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, November 18

Day's receipts at all U S Ports 24,000 bales

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS.

Bombay, November 19

	Rs.	a.	p.
Groundnuts February—			
Opening	44	5	0
Highest	44	9	0
Lowest	44	3	0
Closing	44	5	0
Cottonseeds January—			
Opening	24	7	0
Highest	24	8	0
Lowest	24	7	0
Closing	24	7	0
Cottonseeds May—			
Opening	42	6	0
Highest	42	7	0
Lowest	42	4	0
Closing	42	4	0

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

	1941-42	1940-41
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 18-11-41	1651000	1853000
Receipts yesterday 18-11-41	24000	25000
Export to date 14-11-41	334000	418000
Stock at Ports 14-11-41	3368000	3141000
Stock at Interior Towns 14-11-41	3168000	3150000
Quantity in sight 14-11-41	4737000	5069000

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, November 19

Ready and Delivery Contract New:—

Bengal Fine old 156-79; ready 146.

Berar old 170-75; Dec. —2; Jan. —4.

C. P. 1 old 217-20; Dec. +22; Jan. +20.

C. P. 2 old 183-85;

Khandesh old 140-45; Dec —28; Jan —32.

Mugtai old 158-63

Broach old 200-05.

Broach Low old 165-70.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, November 19

Yellow metal sheets	Rs.	97	0 0
Copper sheets	Rs.	93	0 0

Tone:—Steady.

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, November 19

Wheat January	0	3	0
Wheat May	0	12	6
Linseed May	1	0	0
Groundnut February	4	0	0
Castorseed May	5	8	0
Cottonseed January	1	10	0
Silver 1st settlement	0	5	0
Silver 2nd settlement	0	10	0
Gold 1st settlement	0	7	0
Gold 2nd settlement	0	12	0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, November 19

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales.

	Yesterday.	This year	Last year
Khandesh	.....	172	1,004
Central India	29	2,221	120
Barsi and Nagar	403	7,388	1,843
Berar	219	4,665	751
Central Provinces	.....	3,815	.....
Total Oomras	651	18,759	3,718
Dholeras	.....	10,958	1,635
N W Provinces	.....	949	.....
Rajputana	.....	15	.....
Sind-Punjab	4,187	70,127	71,575
Broach	354	8,405	1,279
Coompta & Dharwar	.....	4,504	13,879
Westerns-Northerns	.....	4,968	12,856
Cocanada	.....	.....	177
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	412	3,851	58
Total	5,604	122,539	105,270
Arrived by road to 13th November 1941	.....	10,000	10,000

TO-DAY—2 SHOWS ONLY!

REGAL To-day at 4 & 10 p.m.

TODAY—LAST DAY!

From TOMORROW:

Another HIT by 20th Century-Fox

"GREAT AMERICAN BROADCAST"

with Alice FAYE, Jack OAKIE, John PAYNE, Cesar ROMERO

7 SONGS

PLANS Open. Book EARLY.

STEEL and

It seems a far cry from the soft textiles of our daily wear to the shining, metallic rigidity of steel. Yet it is to the mighty part this metal plays in modern textile production that we owe the perfection, the abundance and the comparative cheapness of materials to-day. From the great machines which handle the raw material, to the minute needle which adds the final stitch to garments—steel plays a continuous and important part in the Textile Industry.

With mechanical production has come a higher finish in the textiles produced.

Fine linen and soft materials are available to the millions in India as never before.

So it is that the clothes we wear, the materials we see in home and house the innumerable forms and varieties of textiles in common use—these are concrete evidence of the tremendous part steel plays in the service of civilisation.

TATA and SCOB

STEEL IS OF THE GREATEST ECONOMIC IMPORTANCE TO THE LIFE OF THE COUNTRY

Issued by the Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. and The Steel Corporation of Bengal Ltd.

T.N. 1724

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, November 19

Following unchanged New York advices, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 239/8 for Broach A/M delivery but the market opened very steady at Rs. 240/8 and improved to Rs. 241/8 on scattered buying. At the rise there was moderate liquidation and prices sagged to Rs. 238/8. The general feeling remains bullish based on prospects of a record consumption.

Prices steadily advanced to Rs. 241 but again reacted at Rs. 239/12. It is said that professionals are making attempts to keep prices down in view of monthly Teji-Mandi settlement. There was some unloading by Khelawallas and prices further eased off to Rs. 237/4. At this level there was scattered covering and prices recovered to Rs. 238/12 and further improved to Rs. 239/4. Prices again reacted to Rs. 238/8 and the market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

BROACH April/May	Rs. 238/12
OOMRA Dec/Janry	Rs. 202/12
OOMRA March	Rs. 194/12
BENGAL Dec/Janry	Rs. 143/12
BENGAL March	Rs. 147/8

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay, November 19

Linseed May	9	3	6
Wheat January	5	12	9
Wheat May	6	15	9

PEPPER AND GINGER.

Bombay, November 19

Alipal Pepper ready per candy ...	86	0	0
Maha Sud 15th	85	8	0
Chaitra Sud 15th	88	0	0
Ginger ready	34	0	0
Maha Sud 15th	27	8	0
Chaitra Sud 15th	28	8	0

INDIAN TEA FOR EMPIRE COUNTRIES

An order for 450,000 lbs. of Indian tea has been received from the South African Government, through the Eastern Group Supply Council. Two previous orders received from Australia, one for 242 1/2 tons (543,200 lbs.) and another for 382 1/2 tons (735,840 lbs.) have now been completed. A further demand for 608 3/4 tons (1,363,600 lbs.) has also been received from Australia.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, November 19

The trend of the market especially in Steel shares was again upward to-day. Tata Deferreds opened firm at 2180 and advanced to 2215 while Tata Ordinaries, which opened at 408, after receding to 405 rose up to 412. Textile shares ruled quietly steady in a narrow range. Bombay Dyeings finished somewhat better at 1330. Indian Irons continued to rule steady at 36-10. Bengal Steels were slightly better off at 22-4.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (2175) 2180 70 2215

Tata Ordinaries (406) 408 405 412

Tata Ordinary 412; Tata Deferred 2215; Indian Iron 36/10; Steel Corpn of Bengal 22/4; Bombay Dyeing 1330; Central India 392/8; Century 445; Gokak 257/8; Kohinoor 505; Simplex 170; Andhra Valley 1740; Tata Hydro 182/8; Tata Power 1710; Associated Cement 170; Belapur 227/8; Bombay Burma (old) 532/8.

COLOMBO QUOTATIONS

Colombo: Nov. 19.

Price of rubber in the local market was for sheet 56, crepe 57 1/2. Yesterday's closing prices were the same.

Copra 35.75. Cocoanut oil F.O.B. 325.00 nominal.

COTTON PARITY.

Broach A/M below New York May 709 cent points at 331

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, November 18

Broach A/M highest 242 1/4 lowest 238 1/2 closing 239 1/2

Oomra D/J highest 205 1/2 lowest 201 1/2 closing 202 1/2

Oomra March highest 197 lowest 193 closing 194

Bengal D/J highest 148 1/2 lowest 146 closing 146

Bengal March highest 152 lowest 149 1/2 closing 149 1/2

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, November 19

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York.

London Spot and forward silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d. The market was quietly steady. Small demand was satisfied officially. London Bombay Spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 62-10-3. The local market quiet scattered realising in gold but silver was steady with a moderate demand. Quotations were as under:

GOLD

Ready	Rs.	44	0 0
Magsar	Rs.	42	14 0
Posh	Rs.	42	13 6
Sovereigns	Rs.	29	8 6

SILVER

Ready	Rs.	63	2 0
Magsar	Rs.	62	14 0
Posh	Rs.	62	14 0

Yarn And Silk Merchants Quotations

Bombay, November 19

64/2 Koru Nissin—			
Spot	Rs.	37	0 0
November		37	1 6
84/2 Koru Nissin—			
Spot		41	8 0
November		41	11 0
62/2 Any—			
Spot		3	9 6
November		3	9 9
80/2 Any—			
Spot		3	13 9
November		3	13 6
150 Any—			
Spot		3	3 0
November		3	3 0

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, November 19

Copper sheets lb. 21 Rs. 104; 28 93/8; 35 92/8; 42 91/12; 49-56 90/4

Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21 Rs. 113; 24 107/8; 28 106/8; 35 102/8; 42 101; 49-56 100

Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 60; Rosita Rs. 58; Country make Rs. 50; Pigiead 'B.M.' Refined Rs. 23/4 per cwt.

Tin Ingot Penang Rs. 53/8 per qr.

Settlement rates:—

Copper sheets Posh Rs. 92/8

Pigiead 'B.M.' Magsar Rs. 22/11

Tin Ingot Penang Magsar Rs. 52/6

Market tone:—Steady.

FURTHER RISE IN STEEL SHARES

Persistent Professional Support

MILL SHARES DISPLAY BETTER TONE

Bombay, November 19

The local share bazar again ruled firm with active buying in Steel shares which reached new high levels. As mentioned before the general feeling remains bullish on various theories. It is argued that Steel shares were left much behind as compared with Cotton Mill shares and they are now just making up due levels. Cotton Mill shares remain neglected at the moment as the Centre of activity is Steel shares where turnover is taking place and buyers are still confident. All offerings were well absorbed and despite wide disparity between cash and forward quotations, the market was well maintained. The improvement was nothing like the previous day but the remarkable steadiness of Steel shares at higher levels indicate the general feeling. Professional activity is the main cause of the sharp upswing.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened steady at Rs. 2297 and declined to Rs. 2287 on scattered selling but renewed buying appeared and prices moved up to Rs. 2305 and steadied at Rs. 2300. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 428 and declined to Rs. 425 but recovered to Rs. 427. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1442 and after declining to Rs. 1426 improved to Rs. 1431. Associated Cement shares were firm at Rs. 174. There was sustained demand throughout the session and Tata Steel Defds improved further to Rs. 2317/8 and Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 429/4. Bombay Dyeings were steady at Rs. 1435 while Century shares were placed at Rs. 492. Cotton Mill shares also displayed steady tone.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, November 19

Bombay Dyeing (1430) 1438 1426 1435 1437

Century (488) 490 491 489 493

Central India (458) 463 468/8 461 460 469 470

Kohinoor (587) 589 590 587/8 592 591

New Great (374) 378 376 379

Simplex (214) 214 211 213 220 217/8

Swadeshi (513) 513 507 511 509 514

Associated Cement (171) 174 176 180

Tram Ord (149) 153

Tata Hydro (185) 190

Tata Power (1807) 1810

T Steel Defd (2272) 2297 2305 2287 2302 2295 2315 2335

T Steel Ord (424) 428 425 427 431 430 431

Tata Steel 2nd Pref (154) 154 153/8

Bellapur (262) 264 265 263 265

B Steam (492) 490

B Burma (567) 580 583 576 582 587

TEXTILES

Bombay, Nov. 19.

100 Ahmedabad Advance	.....	397	0
250 BOMBAY DYEING	...	1437	0
100 CENTURY	...	493	0
100 Colaba	.....	258	0
100 CENTRAL INDIA	.....	470	0
100 Coorla	...	156	0
250 David	.....	330	0
250 Dawn	.....	622	0
1 E D Sassoon Defd	...	3	6
100 FINLAY	.....	308	0
100 GOKAK	.....	315	0
1000 Hindustan	.....	2700	0
100 Indore	.....	300	0
100 Khatau	...	300	0
100 KOHINOOR	.....	591	0
256 LAXMI	.....	720	0
100 MORARJI	.....	605	0
250 Model	.....	238	12
50 MYSORE	.....	132	0
200 NEW GREAT	.....	379	0
100 Oosmanshahi	.....	152	0
100 Podar	.....	250	0
100 Phoenix	.....	482	0
25 Sassoon Silk	..	92	0
1000 Sholapur	.....	5085	0
50 SIMPLEX	.....	217	0
100 SWADESHI	.....	514	0
100 SWAN	.....	330	0
500 Vishnu	.....	1585	0
1000 Western	.....	1720	0
BANKS			
50-100 Baroda	.....	119	0
25-50 Central	.....	55	0
500 Imperial	.....	1625	0
125-500 Imp. Conty	.....	402	0
50-100 India	.....	149	0
100 Reserve Bank	.....	109	0
5 Union	...	7 7	0
CEMENTS			
100 ASSOCIATED	.....	180	0
INSURANCE			
10-50 British India	.....	13	0
100 Empire	.....	727	0
15-100 Juniter	.....	17	0
20 Mercantile	.....	78	8
15-75 New India	...	58	8
200 Oriental	...	4575	0
10-50 Vulcan	.....	11	4
ELECTRIC			
100 Ahmedabad Old	.....	188	0
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY	...	1762	0
10 Almer	.....	12	14
50 BOMBAY TRAM	...	153	0
100 Bombay Suburban	.....	188	8
10 Broach	.....	13	6
100 Karachi	.....	211	4
100 Poona	.....	217	8
100 Surat	.....	190	0
1000 TATA HYDRO	.....	190	0
1000 TATA POWER	...	1810	0
RAILWAYS			
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	...	885	0
100 C. Province	.....	111	0
100 Dhond Baramati	.....	104	4
100 Gujarat	.....	105	0
100 Mandra Bhon	.....	107	0
100 Pachora Jamner	.....	97	8
100 Sara Siraiganj	.....	107	0
500 Tapti Valley O D	.....	643	0
MININGS			
8 Burma Corp	.....	8 11	
8sh Indian Copper	.....	2 4	0
10 Indian Iron and Steel	...	35	8
30 SHIVRAJPUR	.....	49	8
10 Mucund Iron X.D.	.....	14	0
36 TATA STEEL DEF	...	2335	0
75 TATA STEEL ORD	.....	431	0
100 Steel Corporation	.....	22	5
MISCELLANEOUS			
100 ALCOCK	.....	635	0
10 Air Services	.....	2	14
50 BELAPUR SUGAR	.....	265	0
200 Bombay Safe Dep.	.....	650	0
250 BOMBAY STEAM	.....	495	0
150 B Burma	.....	587	0
50 Burma Contry	.....	190	0
8sh Br B Petrol	.....	3 3	6
100 IND BLEACHING	.....	202	0
50 Ind Invest Trust	.....	56	0
100 Indian Radio Def.	.....	660	0
100 Indian Radio Ord	...	630	0
100 Port Canning	...	92	8
30 PREMIER Con XD	...	136	0
15 Scindia	.....	28	14
25 Tata Oil	.....	68	8
10 Tata Chemical	.....	19	12
100 Wimco	.....	276	0
PREFERENCE			
7 p.c Andhra Valley	.....	1560	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	.....	325	0
7 pc Bom Tram (TF)	.....	82	0
5 p.c. Central India (TF)	X.D.	645	0
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const 1st	...	122	0
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	...	118	0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	.....	160	8
7 1/2 p.c Tata Power XD	...	1655	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	.....	216	0
7-1/2 pc Tata Steel 2nd	.....	153	8
7 p.c. Vishnu	.....	746	0
DEBENTURES			
3 3/4 p.c Andhra Valley Deb	...	106	12
4 p.c. Bombay Telephone	.....	50	2
5 p.c. Morarji	.....	104	0
7 p.c. Sholapur	.....	71	6

Cash Quotations were as under:—

BOM. DYEING 1325, CENTURY 432, CENTRAL INDIA 385, COLABA 200, FINLAY 248, GOKAK 250, KOHINOOR 500, MORARJI 525, MYSORE N162, NEW GREAT N292, PHOENIX N490, SIMPLEX 171, SWADESHI 437, SWAN 249, ASSOCIATED 171, ANDHRA 1740, BOM TRAM 143, TATA HYDRO 184, TATA POWER 1707, SHIVRAJPUR 38-8, TATA STL. DF. 2200, TATA STL. OR. 409, ALCOCK N575, BELAPUR SUGAR 228, BOM. STEAM 391, BOMBAY BURMA 525, IND. BLEACHING 167, PREMIER CONST. 114.

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"WE USED TO BE LIKE THAT TILL MY HUSBAND SAW A FILM WHICH CHANGED OUR LIVES.
... A FILM THAT SHOWED THE SECRET OF SUNLIGHT SOAP. IT IS A PURE SOAP WHICH IS A VERITABLE ENEMY OF DIRT AND DRABNESS. ITS PLENTIFUL LATHER GENTLY AND QUICKLY REMOVES DIRT AND MAKES THINGS LIKE NEW. IT IS SO GENTLE THAT IT CANNOT HARM EVEN THE TENDEREST SKIN AND IT HAS A LOVELY SCENT. ABOVE ALL IT IS EXTREMELY ECONOMICAL."
"LAKSHMI BEHN WAS TELLING ME HOW WONDERFUL SUNLIGHT SOAP IS. PLEASE BRING ME A TABLET TODAY, I WANT TO TRY IT."
SOME TIME LATER
"HOW OUR LIFE HAS CHANGED IN A SHORT TIME. WE ARE ALL HAPPY AND HEALTHY AND THE HOUSE SEEMS SO BRIGHT AND PLEASANT."
"MY WORK SEEMS MUCH LIGHTER TOO. IT IS ALL THE DOING OF SUNLIGHT SOAP."
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Thursday, November 20, 1941

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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To cure common cold and tonsilities douche the nose and gargle with Glyco-Thymoline which keeps infection at Bay and soothes irritated tissues
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EX-MINISTERS OF U. P. RELEASED

TWO RELEASED BOMBAY M.L.A's. IN CITY: SATYAGRAHA NEWS FROM PROVINCES

CAWNPORE, November 19.

Mr. Sampurnanand, former Education Minister of the United Provinces, was released to-day from the Fatehgarh Central Jail. A warm reception was accorded to him by Congressmen and friends at the Central Station.

Mr. Raghubir Dayal Bhatt, Leader of the Congress Party in the Cawnpore Municipal Board, Mr. Lakshmikant Shukla, Mr. Ranvir Deo Singh and Mr. Shambhu Dayal were also released from the same jail.—United Press.

DR. KATJU RELEASED

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 19.

Dr. K. N. Katju, ex-Minister of the United Provinces, was released to-day from the Naini Central Jail following the Allahabad High Court ruling that the mere giving of notice of intention to offer Satyagraha, to a District Magistrate is not punishable under the Defence of India Rules. Dr. Katju is the first Satyagrahi to be released following decision of the High Court. He is still running temperature and has lost 24 pounds in weight.—United Press.

TWO BOMBAY M. L. A.'s RELEASED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. C. B. Purani, M.L.A., from Broach District and Mr. Tulsidas Jadhav, M.L.A. from Sholapur District were released on Tuesday from Nasik Jail. They arrived in Bombay this morning.

Mr. Jadhav left for Sholapur the same day, while Mr. Purani is leaving for Broach on Thursday night.

MAVLANKAR LEAVES FOR AHMEDABAD

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Bombay Legislative Assembly who arrived in the City last night after his release from Yeravda prison left for Ahmedabad by the Gujarat Mail to-day.

Mr. Mavlankar was seen off by his friends and Congress workers at the Bombay Central Station.

Jajuji Re-offerig Satyagraha

Mr. Ramkrishnaji Ganeshram Jajuji of Sholapur, an All-India Congress Committee member is re-offering Satyagraha on 21-11-41, at 5-30 p. m. in Tilak Chouk, Sholapur, as per Mahatma Gandhi's statement, within one week after his release and arrival at Sholapur from Nasik Central Jail, by giving a preliminary notice to the District Magistrate, Sholapur, on 18-11-41.

RELEASE ON GROUNDS OF HEALTH.

LAHORE, Nov. 19.

The Punjab Government have ordered the release of Satyagrahi prisoner Jati Ram of village Batana, District Rohtak on account of ill-health. He had been convicted under the Defence of India Rules in May last, and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

Jail For Delhi Satyagrahi

NEW DELHI, Nov. 19.

Mr. Krishna Nair, Manager of the Gandhi Seva Ashram who was arrested yesterday for shouting anti-war slogans was convicted to-day under the Defence of India Rules and sentenced to one year's simple imprisonment.—United Press.

Bihar Socialist Convicted

HAJIPUR (Bihar), Nov. 18.

Ram Briksha Benipuri, a Socialist leader, has been sentenced to four months' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 in default two months' further imprisonment by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Hajipur under the Defence of India Rules. Benipuri was prosecuted for shouting objectionable slogans at the Muzaffarpur District Kisan Sabha.—A. P.

Andhra Satyagrahis

MADRAS, Nov. 17.

Altogether 82 members of the All-India Congress Committee, Central and Provincial Legislatures offered Satyagraha from Andhra Districts from the beginning of the movement, and all of them except seven have now been released after serving their terms of imprisonment, according to a statement issued by the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee.

In Tamil Districts altogether 63 members of the A. I. C. C. and Legislatures, both Central and Provincial, were arrested in connection with Satyagraha, and all of them have since been released on the expiry of their terms of imprisonment.—A. P.

Kabul Singh's Letter To Mahatma

NEW DELHI, Nov. 18.

Master Kabul Singh, M.L.A. (Punjab), left for Lahore by the Frontier Mail. He arrived here today after his release from the Deoli Detention Camp.

Before his departure for Lahore Master Kabul Singh is understood to have written a letter to Mahatma Gandhi regarding the Deoli Camp.—A. P.

Iftikharuddin And Kabul Singh At Lahore

LAHORE, Nov. 19.

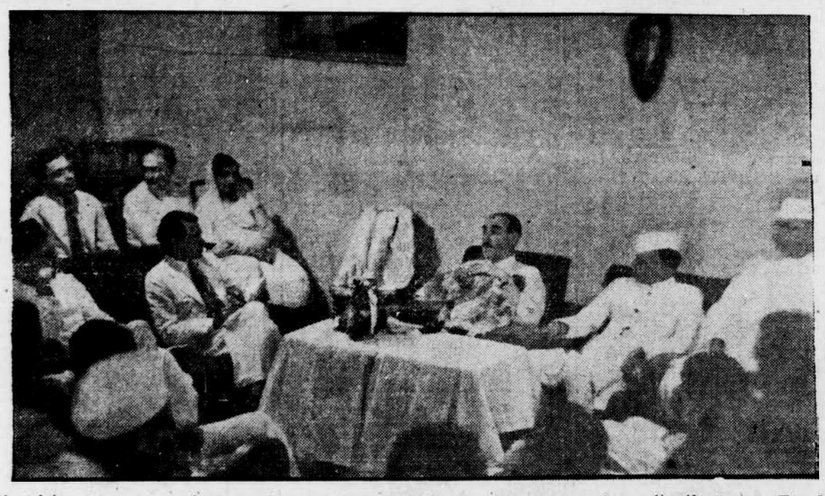
Master Kabul Singh, M.L.A., who was recently released from Deoli camp on grounds of health, arrived here this morning.

Mian Iftikharuddin, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, who had gone to Wardha to hold consultations with Mahatma Gandhi on the question of Satyagraha in the Punjab and other Provincial Congress affairs also returned to Lahore to-day.—A. P.

Madras Corporation And Deoli Detenus

MADRAS, Nov. 19.

A requisition signed by fifteen members of the Madras City Council has been sent to the Mayor to convene a special meeting of the Council to consider a resolution expressing sympathy with the Deoli detenus and urging the Government of India to take prompt measures "to redress their legitimate grievances without further delay".—A. P.



Sir Victor Sassoon (centre) speaking to city journalists on the present "war situation", on Tuesday evening at the Journalists' Association.

FIVE CRORES INCREASE

India's Population Shows 15 Per Cent Rise In Decade

NEW DELHI, Nov. 19.

A Press Communique says that the population of the whole of India as computed at the recent census was 388.8 million as on March 1, 1941, as against 338.1 million in 1931, representing an increase of 15 per cent.

The level of increase in British India is 15.2 per cent and in the States and Agencies, 14.3 per cent.

Following is the table of population in the provinces in thousands.—

Madras, 49,342; Bombay 20,858; Bengal 60,314; United Provinces 55,021 (Agra 40,906 and Oudh 14,115); Punjab 28,419; Bihar 36,340; Central Provinces and Berar 16,822; Assam 10,205; North West Frontier Province 3,038; Orissa 8,729; and Sind 4,537.—United Press.

Malaviya's Appeal To Hunger-Strikers

BENARES, Nov. 18.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya has sent the following telegram to Pandit Gangasahaya Choube one of the Satyagrahi prisoners on hunger-strike in the Chunar Jail:—

"Distressed to learn about your hunger-strike. We all desire your just demands should be conceded. Efforts being made in that direction. Meanwhile earnestly request you and fellow prisoners to give up hunger-strike. Trust you will listen to this advice. Regret weak state of health forbids my visiting you personally."—A.P.

Students Observe Hartal

POONA, November 19.

The Poona students observed 'hartal' to-day in sympathy with the Deoli hunger-strikers and as a protest against the lathi charges on the Cawnpore students.

Two students processions paraded the city after which a meeting was held on Shanwarwada grounds in the afternoon. A public meeting held this evening supported the demands of the Deoli hunger-strikers.—United Press.

Metropolitan Of India Moves

New Party Move To Solve Indian Deadlock

CALCUTTA, Nov. 19.

In order to review the political situation in the country and explore the possibility of any way out of the present deadlock, a Conference is being organised in Calcutta under the auspices of the "Conciliation Group", a newly formed political body in Calcutta.

The conference, which will be held on December 6, will be presided over by the Lord Bishop of Calcutta and Metropolitan of India. Mr. Arthur Moore will open the discussions in which among others, Mr. Syamaprasad Mookerjee (Hindu Mahasabha), Mr. T. Chapman Mortimer (European), the Hon. Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy (Muslim League) and Mr. Kiran Sankar Ray (Congress) have been invited to take part and to offer their constructive suggestions on behalf of their respective organisations.—A. P.

MR. L. C. BUSS M.L.A. DEAD

Leader Of European Group

NEW DELHI, Nov. 19.

Mr. L. C. Buss, Leader of the European Group in the Assembly, died early this morning of heart failure.

The funeral is taking place at 4-30 this evening at the New Delhi cemetery.

Mr. Buss attended the Assembly session yesterday and spoke on Mr. Joshi's resolution.

It is stated he was found dead in his bed.—A. P.

Salempur For Defence Council

NEW DELHI, Nov. 18.

In the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Nawab of Chhatari consequent on his appointment as President of His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Executive Council, His Excellency the Viceroy has been pleased to appoint Raja Saiyid Ahmad Ali Khan C.B.E., of Salempur (Lucknow) to be a member of the National Defence Council.—A. P.

U. P. ADVISER KEEPS MUM

Attitude To Release Of Politicals

LUCKNOW, Nov. 19.

"For the last few days I have been asked by several Press Correspondents for information with regard to what this Government propose to do as the result of discussions which are going on in Delhi. I have no information to give on that point. I should, however, like to make it clear that for sometime this Government are pursuing a policy that prisoners convicted in connection with the Satyagraha movement should be released as soon as circumstances permit and in pursuance of that policy a large number of prisoners have been released before the completion of their terms", observed Mr. T. Sloan, Adviser to H. E. the Governor of the United Provinces, at a Press Conference this morning.

Mr. Sloan added: "As the result of the recent ruling of the Allahabad High Court many more of these prisoners will be released. Sometime ago, the Government also took up with the Commissioners the question of release of prisoners detained under Rules 26 and 129 of the Defence of India Rules in connection with the Satyagraha movement and orders have already been issued for the release of 167 such prisoners."

Continuing he said: "The number of persons detained on November 15, 1941 in the jails of the Province under Rule 26 is 290 and the number of those detained under Rule 129 is 41. The number of persons detained under Rule 26, and transferred to Deoli is 116. There is at the moment no intention of transferring other prisoners to Deoli. It is not a fact that individual cases are reviewed at present by a Judicial Tribunal, but they are reviewed by the Provincial Government.

"The number of persons convicted under the Defence of India Rules is 4,743 and that for offering Satyagraha till October 1 is 2,868."

Regarding family allowance for the detenus, Mr. Sloan said, that, the policy of the Government in the matter of family allowance is to grant allowance only in cases of real necessity. "I can say nothing about repatriation from Deoli", concluded the Adviser.—United Press.

NEW DEPARTMENT FOR U. P. JAILS

LUCKNOW, Nov. 19.

Mr. Sloan the Adviser to H. E. the Governor of U. P. added in the course of the Press Conference. "The financial position for the first half year was satisfactory and that for the second half year is hopeful. The total Provincial revenue for the first six months amounted to Rs. 737 lakhs and the revenue expenditure to Rs. 695 lakhs. Estimates for the whole year are Rs. 1434 lakhs and Rs. 1429 lakhs respectively."

NEW DEPARTMENT FOR JAILS.

He announced that in order to afford relief to the Chief Secretary and Judicial Secretary and grant time for his work as Legal Remembrancer it had been decided to create a Home Department which would deal with the Jail and Judicial (Criminal) and Police Departments. Mr. D. S. Barron, at present Additional Secretary to the General Department, would be Secretary to the newly created Home Department which would be introduced from December.—United Press.

LYALLPUR.—A sum of Rs. 15,000 was collected at the Music Conference which concluded here on Monday night. A large number of reputed singers participated the Conference, which was organised by the police department in aid of the war purposes fund.

MAHATMA HAS NOT MADE MATTERS EASIER

"Times" On Release Of Politicals: "M. G." On Britain's Duty To Solve Deadlock

LONDON, Nov. 19.

In a leading article on the Indian civil disobedience prisoners, "The Times" says, "disappointment at yesterday's announcement in the Legislative Assembly that the Government of India could not at the present stage announce a decision on the release of Indian prisoners detained for acts of civil disobedience will not be wholly dissipated by the implied promise of 'further careful consideration'.

The issue was raised by Mr. Joshi, a highly respected labour representative, who urged the unconditional release of prisoners held for expressions of opinion, prejudicial to the conduct of the war. The time seemed to many opportune.

The recognition that the destiny of India is closely linked with that of the English speaking democracies has never been stronger than at this present moment, when they are faced by the same imminent peril.

The recent partial remission of sentences on a number of political prisoners gave ground for supposing that the release might soon be made general, and might be extended to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

It is not possible to postpone to an indefinite future, problems which the war is making every day more urgent and more actual. It may be doubted whether the complexities of constitution-making offer at the present time the most hopeful line of advance.

Nothing could be lost and much sympathy might be won by a determined and understanding effort to bring more Indian leaders, including those now or recently in active opposition, into a responsible share in the tasks of Government and in the solution of those problems, military social and economic, which weigh heavily on India at the present time.

Direct participation in responsibility, whatever form it may take, is the only true basis of democracy.

A policy designed to achieve this end would enhance the British prestige throughout the Empire and the English-speaking world. More important still, it would discharge the obligation which this country owes to the Indian people and itself.

"The Times" continuing adds:—

"Mr. Gandhi has not made things easier by stating that the release of prisoners will make no difference to his policy. Yet in spite of Mr. Gandhi's immense personal ascendency, the Indian mind is too acute to stand indefinitely committed to a policy of contradiction and self-frustration. The Pacifist campaign now in progress for 13 months has been made more and more unreal by the growing Indian detestation of the Nazi creed and practice, and the growing apprehension of the political consequences to India of an Axis victory; it has not in fact slowed down India's effective contribution, military and industrial, to the Allied cause. Mr. Gandhi has never withdrawn his declaration that he will do nothing to embarrass the British Government in the conduct of the war, and in accordance with this declaration he has refused to countenance demands of a few hotheads for Mass Civil Disobedience.

WANTED CONSTRUCTIVE EFFECT

"A new constructive effort on the part of the British Government of which the release of political prisoners would serve as a token and the first instalment would go far to convince Indian opinion as a whole that the policy of selective disobedience is equally incompatible with Mr. Gandhi's declared object, and with long-term Indian interests. To this extent, therefore, responsibility which they cannot decline rests on Mr. Gandhi and his followers. In the face of an attitude, calculated, and deliberately calculated, to render orderly Government impossible, any administration, however enlightened and conciliatory in its intentions, is perforce driven back upon methods of repression. This has happened before and would happen again; for the Government of India cannot and will not abdicate functions essential, as Mr. Gandhi well knows to the defence of the country.

"M. G." On Britain's Duty To Solve Indian Deadlock

LONDON, Nov. 19.

"There appears now to be another chance of advancing towards Indian settlement," writes the "Manchester Guardian" in a principal leader.

Emphasising the necessity of concerted action by the British Government, the Viceroy and the Indian leaders the paper says:—

"It is possible as it is much to be desired, that the British Government has finally abandoned the discreditable policy of holding aloof from the Indian deadlock, which it pursued after the proposals of August, 1940 had failed.

It is responsible for the well-being of India both to Indians and British people and it can never honourably wash its hands off the issues which it has itself by a long course of policy provoked".

Referring to Mr. Churchill's reply to the Society of Friends an influential quaker body, that "the Society of Friends may rest assured that His Majesty's Government will spare no pains to promote such measure of agreement among the creeds, races and interests in India as will enable them to give effect to their policy as early as possible", the "Manchester Guardian" strongly pleads that Mr. Amery must now help India, whatever the discouragements, to overcome its own difficulties.

Sarcastically the paper adds: "It would be thoughtless to say that the Government did nothing after the August proposals of last year. It sent many Congress leaders and supporters to prison including Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE AND THE FLYING SQUAD

STOP SHOOTING! SPIRITS OR NOT, THEY CAN'T LIVE THRU THAT...
THE SMOKE EDDIES AWAY SLOWLY...
BALDO! THEY'RE STILL THERE!
LET ME OUT!
I'M NOT STAYING!
THIRTY BULLETS AND STILL WE SEE THEM!
LUCKY THING THEY POURED THOSE SLUGS AT OUR REFLECTIONS.
DID YOU SEE THEM RUN? SCARED GREEN!
THEY LEFT THEIR GUNS, INSPECTOR!
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